# The SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE.

[Numb. 1964] MONDAY, AUGUST 9, 1773.

*CHARLES-TOWN*: Printed by *T. POWELL* & Co. at the Printing-Office near the EXCHANGE.


☞ T. POWELL & Co. repeat their moſt grateful Reſpects to the Encouragers of this Gazette, and beg Leave to acquaint them, that ONE Year BECAME DUE the 1ſt of *May* laſt; and, as their ſmall Demands lie in ſo many different Hands, that, unleſs they are alſo *ſupported* by *regular annual Payments*, it will be impoſſible to continue their Buſineſs on the Plan of PUBLIC UTILITY—the Expence and Trouble attending which are great. They therefore hope, that thoſe of their Subſcribers, as well in the Country as in Town, who have not yet attended to this, will make, or order, immediate Payment, and render any further Application to them unneceſſary.

## New Advertiſements.

## GEORGE MULLINS,

*Begs Leave to inform the Public and his Friends,*

THAT he propoſes entering into the FACTORAGE BUSINESS in general, and as he has many Country Friends, who have repeatedly offered their Friendſhip, if placed in any way in their Sphere, which leads him now to offer himſelf in that Way, not doubting but he ſhall be able to tranſact any Buſineſs of that Kind, as well, and on as ſure a Footing, as any Perſon in the Province, having lived amongſt the Trading Part upwards of Ten Years.

Such of his Friends as pleaſe to favour him with their Crops, or any Part thereof, &c. may depend that he will ſtudy their Intereſt as his own, and their Favours will be moſt gratefully acknowledged.

N. B. He will keep his Counting-Houſe at his Store, oppoſite Meſſrs. MANSELL & CORBETT's, in *Tradd-Street*, where he will conſtantly keep a general Aſſortment of good Liquors, &c. &c. as before advertiſed.

*Auguſt 4th*, 2773.

## JOHN WEBB,

*Has juſt received by the* POLLY, *Captain* RAINIER, *from LONDON*,

### An Aſſortment of GOODS,

*Suited to the Seaſon*,

Which he will diſpoſe of on *very low Terms*, at his Store on the BAY, near the EXCHANGE;

AMONG OTHER ARTICLES,

A GREAT Variety of printed Linens and Callicoes; very neat coloured and ſtriped *India* Perſians and Taffeties; plain black Ditto; black, blue, and Pink Peelongs, and figured Modes;—a neat Aſſortment of faſhionable RIBBANDS;—a few Pieces of handſome *India* Chintzes; fine *India* Dimities; ſtriped and flowered Muſlins; an Aſſortment of Thread Edgings, from 5*ſ.* to 25*ſ.* per Yard; Thread, Blond, and black Laces; enamelled and blue and white China Mugs; Coffee Pots and Milk Pots; Half-Pint Baſons with Saucers; Breakfaſt and Afternoon Cups and Saucers; ſeveral Sets of very handſome Tea China; Dreſſing Glaſſes, with and without Drawers; Glaſs Lanthorns and *India* Shades; Safe-Canvas; Green Ditto, for Window Blinds; *Dutch* Seine and Sewing-Twine; Matraſſes of all Sizes; *London* milled Sheet-Lead; large and ſmall Grapnals; with many other Articles, needleſs to enumerate.

A Pair of very good Militia DRUMS,

*ALSO*,

A very fine VIOLIN,

With Screw Bow and Caſe, belonging to a Gentleman in the Country, to be diſpoſed of for TWENTY DOLLARS. Enquire as above.

## A SMALL ASSORTMENT OF

### Extraordinary good SADDLERY,

Mens neat SHOES and PUMPS,

Ladies new-faſhioned STAYS;

*ALSO*,

Some neat *Briſtol* Stone Shoe, Knee, and Stock-Buckles, Marcaſite Ear-Rings, &c.

*To be SOLD* CHEAP,

By JAMES BRUCE,

*At Mr.* SAMUEL GORDON's *Store in* Elliott-Street.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Mr. WILLIAM HULL, late of *Prince-George*'s Pariſh, *Winjaw*, deceaſed, either by Bond, Note, or Accounts, are deſired to make Payment by the *Firſt* Day of *September*, otherwiſe they may depend after that Day, all Demands then unpaid will be put in Suit without Reſpect of Perſons, as there is an abſolute Neceſſity for ſettling all the Affairs of the ſaid Eſtate; all Perſons having any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make them known immediately, to

GEORGE EVANS, *Acting Executor*.

Who intends to reſide in Town, during the enſuing Fall.

## RUNAWAY

*From Mr.* JOHN PACKROW's, *near* George-Town,

A NEGRO FELLOW, named JACK,

Speaks tolerable good Engliſh, formerly the Property of *George Dick*. Whoever delivers him to me, at Mr. *Packrow's*, or to the Warden of the Work-Houſe, ſhall receive THREE POUNDS Reward, and all reaſonable Charges; if harboured by a white Perſon, TWENTY POUNDS will be given on Conviction of the Offender, and FIVE POUNDS if by a Negro, by

THOMAS WILCOX.

## William Glen & Son,

*Have imported in the Snow* Polly, *Captain* Rainier, *from LONDON*,

A LARGE and COMPLETE

### *Aſſortment of GOODS*,

Which they will diſpoſe of on *reaſonable Terms*;

*Among which are the following Articles*, viz.

NINE-FOURTH and 10 4th Bed Blankets; Mens Fearnought Great-Coats and Jackets; Mens and Boys Pea Jackets and Surtout-Coats; and Mens large blue Broad Cloth Cloaks;

A large Aſſortment of Broad and *Yorkſhire* Cloths;

German Serges, Kerſeys, Druggets, Sagathies, Duroys, Bear Skin and *Bath* Coatings, with ſuitable Trimmings;

An Aſſortment of Shalloons, Durants, Tammies, Callimancoes, Damaſks, changeable *Iriſh* Stuffs for Womens Gowns, and ſtriped Stuffs for Negroes Gowns;

Thickſets, Velverets, and Everlaſtings;

Striped and flowered Flannels, and bordered Ditto; plain and ſpotted Ditto and Swanſkins; barred Ditto for Saddle-Cloths;

An Aſſortment of blue and ſpotted Ruggs for Beds;

Womens Cloth Cloaks and Cardinals, of different Colours;

An Aſſortment of Mens, Womens, Boys and Girls Worſted and Cotton Hoſe; Thread and Yarn Ditto;

Mens and Boys Worſted and milled Caps and Gloves; Womens Silk Mitts and Gloves, and Cotton Ditto;

Brown Hollands, and ſtriped Cotton Ditto;

A large Aſſortment of Checks and *Iriſh* Linens, and Sheeting Ditto; Cambricks, Lawns, and Muſlins;

An Aſſortment of brown and bleached *Ruſſia* Sheetings and Drabs;

A Quantity of *Scotch* and *Iriſh* Oſnabrugs; brown Rolls and Heſſens;

An Aſſortment of Bed-Ticks, with Bolſters and Pillows made up; Bed Bunts, and Ticking to cut;

An Aſſortment of Ounce, Oſnabrugs, and Taylors Threads;

A large Aſſortment of printed Callicoes, Cottons, Chintzes and Linens, for Womens Gowns;

*Norwich* Crapes for Ditto;

A Quantity of Check and Linen Handkerchiefs, and Lawn Ditto, with Borders;

A large Aſſortment of *India* Perſians and Taffeties;

A large Aſſortment of Silk Handkerchiefs, and black *Barcelona* Ditto, and Cravats;

Plain and flowered Modes;

An Aſſortment of plain and figured RIBBANDS;

An Aſſortment of STATIONARY;

Hair Trunks, and Neſts of gilt Ditto;

Curry-Combs, with Bruſhes;

Houſe Brooms and Scrubbing-Bruſhes; Whitewaſh and Painters Ditto;

An Aſſortment of Horn and Ivory Combs;

*Durham* beſt Muſtard;

Beſt *Scotch* and plain Rappee Snuffs, and Pigtail Tobacco;

Silk, and painted Cloth Umbrelloes;

Hair and Wire Sieves; Corn and Lime Riddles;

An Aſſortment of gilt and Hair Buttons, and Horn Moulds;

Mens and Boys Leather Jockey-Caps;

An Aſſorment of HABERDASHERY;

Worſted and Hair Pluſh of different Colours;

Hair Fringe, and Saddle Lace;

A large Aſſortment of Saddlery and Saddles;

A large Aſſortment of Pewtery;

Trading Guns and Fowling Pieces; with an Aſſortment of Gun Powder;

Salt-Petre, Allum, Madder, Copperas and Brimſtone;

Yellow Oaker, White Lead, *Spaniſh* Brown, and Red Lead, dry;

White Lead and *Spaniſh* Brown, ground in Oil, and Linſeed Oil;

Boxes of ſhort and long Pipes;

Window Glaſs 8 by 10;

An Aſſortment of Cutlery;

An Aſſortment of Shoe and Knee-Buckles;

An Aſſortment of Shoe-Makers Tools;

Braſs Shop Scales, and Money Weights and Scales;

Kitchen Bellows, and Chamber Ditto with Braſs Spouts;

Broad and narrow Hoes, Axes and Grubbing Hoes;

An Aſſortment of Carpenters Tools;

An Aſſortment of Nails and Hinges, Iron Potts, &c. &c. &c.

*N. B.* They expect their NEGRO CLOTH, &c. from *Briſtol*, in the firſt Veſſel;—and another LARGE CARGO in the firſt Veſſel from *London*.

## JAMAICA RUM,

*Fit for immediate USE*,

In Puncheons, Hogſheads, & Porter Caſks,

GRENADA, Barbados, and Northward RUM, in Puncheons; Coffee of an extraordinary good Quality in Bags, from 40 to 150 Pounds Weight, Ditto in Barrels, inferior; Eaſt *Coker*, *Bridport*, and *Kirkham* Sail-Cloth, Sewing Twine; Anchors and Grapnals of different Sizes; *Philadelphia* ſuperfine Flour, Ship Bread; Bar Iron of all Sizes, and a few Pipes of Old *Vidonia* WINE,

*To be SOLD*,

By SHIRLEY & PRICE.

*Who have for SALE*,

*Indian* Corn, & *Northward* Oats.

*LOST on* WEDNESDAY *Evening laſt*,

Supposed to be ſtolen by a NEGRO,

The Half of a Twenty & Ten Pound Bill.

Whoſoever will deliver the ſame at the Printing-Office on the *Bay*, near the *Exchange*, ſhall receive a DOLLAR Reward, and no Queſtions aſked, and if ſtopt from a Negro, on Conviction, TWO DOLLARS. *Auguſt 4th*, 2773.

## *MADERA WINES.*

To be SOLD at private Sale,

SEVERAL PIPES OF

*London* & *York* Madera WINES,

Of an excellent Quality, and near *Four* Years old.

*** In Order to cloſe the Sales, they will be ſold *very cheap*, and a reaſonable Credit allowed.

*Alſo*, A great Variety of faſhionable Silks,

To be SOLD at *Eight* and an *Half* for *One*, CASH.

ROGER SMITH.

☞ Who deſires all thoſe indebted to the late Co-partnerſhip of THOMAS-LOUGHTON & ROGER SMITH; the Eſtates of JOHN MACKENZIE, and ANDREW RUTLEDGE, deceaſed; and the Co-partnerſhip of COX & PROSSER, late of *Stoney* Creek, immediately to diſcharge their reſpective Debts, otherwiſe they will poſitively be ſued, as no longer Indulgence will be allowed.

## RICHARD WADE,

*HAS IMPORTED*,

A Variety of choice OLD WINES,

Which will be ſold on the moſt REASONABLE TERMS,

*At his Store, the Corner of* Elliott-Street, *on the* Bay,

VIZ.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| OLD | Red Port Wine, | Old *Liſbon*, | |
| | White Port Ditto, | Ditto *London Madera* | Do. |
| | Sherry Ditto, | *Carolina* Ditto, | |
| | Sack, | Claret, | |
| Mountain, | | Brandy, | |

Fine *London* PORTER in Hogſheads;

*ALSO*,

*Jamaica* and *Weſt-India* RUM.

Any Perſon may be ſupplied from ONE DOZEN Bottles to TWENTY PIPES, if required.

## *To be SOLD*,

For CASH, at Firſt Cost and CHARGES,

Or for CREDIT, for a ſmall ADVANCE,

A neat POST CHARIOT,

A very light PHAETON,

A half japanned high varniſhed CHAIR;

AND

Some very neat Chair Harneſs.

Enquire of HENRY REEVES.

*Who has a Houſe to LET*,

*And may be entered on immediately*,

At the upper End of *King-Street*, oppoſite the Revd Mr. TENNENT's, an old accuſtomed Houſe for the back Country Trade, and has as good a Well of Water as any in or near CHARLES-TOWN.

## Notice is hereby given,

TO thoſe indebted to PETER COSTELL, of *Jackſonburgh*, Saddler, that I have an Aſſignment of all his Book-Debts, which are lodged in the Hands of Mr. RICHARD CHITCH, in *Jackſonburgh*, who has a Power from me to receive the ſame, and give Diſcharges.

Such Accompts as are not paid by the *Firſt* of *October* next will then be ſued for, without further Notice.

*July 14*, 1773. MILES BREWTON.

## To be SOLD,

On *Monday*, the 30th of *Auguſt* Inſtant,

*At* SALTCATCHER BRIDGE,

TWO good Chairs, Saddle, Harneſs, and ſundry Articles of Houſhold-Furniture:—Late the Property of Doct. *Benjamin Willply*, deceaſed, and ſold under Mortgage.

*And, at the ſame Time and Place will be SOLD*,

A LEASE of the Houſe wherein the ſaid Deceaſed lately lived, and ſundry Articles of Houſhold and Kitchen Furniture.

RICHARD COLE, *Adminiſtrator*.

LONG-CANES, *July the 20th*, 1773.

ANDREW HAMELTON, jun. informs me of a ſmall black trotting GELDING, five or ſix Years old, has a Reach and Snip, three white Feet, and branded on the mounting Buttock ſomething reſembling T W joining.

ARCHIBALD HAMELTON, of a ſmall trotting black MARE, three or four Years old, with a white Spot in her Face; when taken up neither docked nor branded, but ſince branded on the mounting Shoulder H.

WILLIAM CLARK, of a Two-year old brown brinded STEER, marked with a Half Crop in the right Ear, and a ſmooth Crop and Hole in the left Ear.

JAMES STEEL, of a ſmall grey MARE, four Years old, branded on the mounting Shoulder I; has with her a laſt Spring's COLT.

PATRICK CALHOUN, jun. of a ſmall trotting Bay MARE, her hind Foot white, and has loſt her left Eye; branded on the mounting Buttock VV; on the off Buttock W, and on both Shoulders and left Cheek ſomething reſembling R.

The Owners of the above Strays, muſt prove their Property before me, PATRICK CALHOUN, J. P.

WARSAW, *(Poland)* MAY 15.

THE following is an account of all the operations of the Ruſſian army ſince the expiration of the armiſtice.—"The 29th of March, Major Bogdanow attacked 80 Turks near Turno, and killed 15 men. The 31ſt of the ſame month Prince Galitzin attacked a corps of 300 Turkiſh cavalry near Sileſtria, and killed 40 of them. The Coſſacks have taken a vaſt quantity of cattle, and burnt nine mills. The firſt of April, Lieutenant Ferſen, with 300 grenadiers, routed ſeveral detachments of Turks in the night, and attacked thoſe who were entrenched near Huſſol, on the Danube, and killed 100 men, and one Emir Aga. The 2d of April, the Ruſſians took ſeveral Turkiſh veſſels on the Danube. The 16th, General Potemkin beat a corps of 2000 Turks, who had come to an iſland in the Danube, oppoſite Likared, and killed 500 of them. The 20th, Major Jochmſon took 30 Turkiſh veſſels near Giurgewn. The 26th and 27th, Col. Kiltchka with 600 grenadiers, 400 light troops, and 1300 Coſſacks, and with ſix pieces of cannon, paſſed over the Danube, and beat a detachment of 2000 Turks, made one Aga priſoner, and took a ſtandard. The 28th, the ſame Colonel met a Baſſa with 2000 men, 300 of whom he killed, and made 53 priſoners, and took ſix ſtandards. The ſame day Major Laluſa, with two regiments of Coſſacks, overtook the Baſſa Czerſkies, plundered his whole army, and even took his ſtaff of command. The 30th, 500 Tartars were attacked by the Coſſacks, 360 of them killed, and 30 made priſoners. The firſt of May, 300 waggons, with Turkiſh families, were taken as they were going towards the Danube. Col. Bokelman had defeated a large corps of Turks oppoſite Giurgewn, 1000 of whom were killed, and 38 made priſoners. Among the priſoners which have been taken, are one Aga of the Janiſſaries, one other Aga, and a Baſſa."

LONDON, MAY 28.

Major Rogers is appointed Deputy-Governor of the Grenada Iſlands.

Orders are given by the Speaker of the Lower Houſe, for making up the American accounts to Lady-day laſt, for the inſpection of Parliament immediately after the holidays.

A principal character at Newmarket, has lately met with ſuch loſſes, that he has been in a deſponding way for ſeveral days paſt, and, as we are aſſured, is now become inſane.

It is now the *Bon Ton*, both at Paris and London, for the faſhionable world to furniſh their chairmen and coachmen with large *bouquets*, or noſegays; and we are aſſured a noble Earl, not far from Cleveland Row, has ſince Chriſtmas laſt been charged no leſs than forty pounds odd ſhillings for thoſe ſuperfluous fopperies.

JUNE 1.

It is now underſtood, that the Courts of London and Stockholm, and the States General, have utterly refuſed to interfere reſpecting the kingdom and republic of Poland.

Letters from the continent inform us, that General Bibikow is appointed Commander in Chief of the Ruſſian army, in Poland.

By letters from the Danube we learn, that the Ruſſian General Potemkin having paſſed the river, had defeated a large body of Turks, who ſuffered on this occaſion a loſs of 7,000 men, killed, wounded, and priſoners; on which the Grand Vizir demanded a ſuſpenſion of arms for fifteen days, but after repeated inſtances to that effect, was not able to procure any more than a ceſſation from hoſtilities for twenty-four hours, and that only ſo far as it regarded his own perſon.

A letter from Toulon of the 9th ult. ſays, "It is whiſpered here, that the four new men of war, lately launched at this port, are ſold to the Court of Spain at a very high price."

On Saturday laſt the Maſter of the Horſe gave the neceſſary orders to His Majeſty's domeſtics to prepare for the royal journey to Portſmouth. And the Royal Charlotte, Fubbs, and Princeſs Louiſa yachts, we are told, are ordered round to Portſmouth by Saturday *next*.

JUNE 2.

The Parliament, who took into conſideration the fraudulent tranſactions of the South Sea Company in the year 1720, ſat that year 'till the 7th of Auguſt. If we conſider the variety of Eaſt-India buſineſs ſtill neceſſary to be gone through, the Parliament muſt either ſit very little ſhort of that time, or poſtpone the final ſettlement of them to the next ſeſſion.

A correſpondent obſerves, that the two brothers *will*, the Chief-Juſtice *drives*, the Premier *obeys*, the men at Weſtminſter *execute*, and the —— gives a ſmile of unmeaning approbation.

By the laſt accounts from Breſt we learn, that 800 marines are ordered round from that port to Dunkirk, in order to work on the baſon. The preſence of this infraction of the moſt ſolemn treaties, it is ſaid is, that if ſomething be not done to prevent the baſon from being choaked with ſand, the harbour in a few years will be acceſſible to nothing but ſmall craft, and the trade of that flouriſhing town will be conſequently ruined.

General O'Riley, it is reported, is appointed to command the troops deſtined to form the camp marked out in the neighbourhood of Carthagena.

PORTSMOUTH, *May* 30. This town is all alive, on the certainty of their Majeſties coming to ſee the fleet, where many officers of the navy and others are arriving every day. They have now a certainty of a great naval promotion; ſix Admirals are to be made, ſix Poſt-Captains, ſix Maſters and Commanders, and twelve Lieutenants; and an addition given the ſubaltern officers in the fleet. We hear that many ſuperannuations will take place in the yard; that Commiſſioner Hughes will be knighted, and have a penſion. The Admiralty and Navy Boards will be down with their flags; and the Earl of Sandwich, we are told, will have the garter given him on this Great occaſion.

JUNE 4.

Lord Manſfield's plan of carrying the E. India bill thro' both Houſes was this; he chalked the outlines upon a larger ſcale than he really intended, or wiſhed, to make the exceptionable parts fall by way of conceſſion, in order to cenſure the others, which he had originally in view.

Britiſh faith and public credit will be annihilated the day the Eaſt-India regulating Bill receives the royal aſſent.

Sir Robert Walpole long ſince foretold, that the firſt attempt, from motives of policy and actual fraud, that ſhould be made on the public funds, or great trading companies, would determine the fate of the Engliſh conſtitution, or bring deſtruction on the head of him who ventured to make the experiment. This, in his jocular hours, he uſed to call the day of judgment.

Treachery and diſunion, it is ſaid, has effected as much at Leadenhall-ſtreet, as corruption has at Weſtminſter; the latter muſt have failed, if the former had not furniſhed a ſufficient opportunity.

By advices from Italy we learn, that the King of Sardinia has now an army of above 50,000 men ready to take the field at a month's notice. The ſame letters add, that a report daily gains ground, that the Emperor is about to renew the antiquated claims of the Houſe of Auſtria, on certain diſtricts belonging to the Republic of Genoa.

*Extract of a Letter from Paris, May* 21.

"We are continually receiving accounts of freſh tumults and inſurrections in different parts of the kingdom, on account of the dearneſs of bread. In Guienne the peaſants have armed themſelves, and ranged all over the province, breaking open and plundering the magazines, and baker's ſhops, &c. The Firſt Preſident hath wrote to the Miniſter for a body of troops to be ſent with all ſpeed to quell their diſorders."

If the clauſe in the preſent Eaſt-India bill ſhould take place, "preventing any one from becoming a voting proprietor not having a thouſand pounds ſtock," above two thirds of the Engliſh will be precluded, the proprietors poſſeſſing a thouſand pounds ſtock and upwards, being moſtly foreigners.

Yeſterday a Board of Trade was held at the Plantation Office, when ſeveral colony-matters were taken into conſideration.

Yeſterday moſt of the foreign miniſters met at the Thatched Houſe, St. James's-ſtreet, where they held a long conference together.

The Houſe of Commons is adjourned till Monday next.

There are certainly ſome matters to be adjuſted between our court and that of France before the miniſtry can venture to ſay there will be no war. France, 'tis ſaid, has lately ſecretly, as well as openly, aſſiſted againſt the Ruſſians, and that with injury to this nation: the late defeat of the Ruſſians by the Turks was chiefly owing to their aſſiſtance.

One of the reflections of King Charles the Firſt on the promoters of the Iriſh maſſacre, ſays, "But ſome kind of Zeal counts all merciful moderation, lukewarmneſs; and had rather be cruel, than counted cold; and is not ſeldom more greedy to kill the bear for his ſkin, than for any harm that he hath done. The confiſcation of men's eſtates being more beneficial, than the charity of ſaving their lives, or reforming their errors."

JUNE 5.

Yeſterday being the anniverſary of his Majeſty's birth day, who is entered into the 36th year of his age, the morning was uſhered in with the ringing of bells of the ſeveral pariſh churches of this metropolis. The ſhips in the river diſplayed their colours and fired their guns. The guns at the Tower and in St. James Park were alſo fired; and their Majeſties received the compliments of the Nobility, foreign Miniſters, &c. on the occaſion at St. James's; and at night there was a grand ball.

Her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Amelia was not at Court yeſterday, nor their Royal Highneſſes the Dukes of Glouceſter and Cumberland.

The 21ſt inſtant is the Day propoſed for his Majeſty's arrival at Portſmouth. The royal attendants are to be only the maſter of the horſe, the Lord of the bed-chamber in waiting, and the groom.

It is ſtrongly aſſerted that the Princeſs Amelia has given a very handſome ſum of money to both the diſcarded brothers.

A correſpondent remarks, that the greateſt is by much the moſt funny family in the kingdom; one contrives to marry ſo critically, that the parſon and the midwife arrived at the ſame time; another laments that he has a wife without a child; and a fair lady at Zell is very angry that ſhe is a married woman without a huſband.

Some months ſince, peace was promiſed for ten years, now it is ſhrunk to one year; a correſpondent ſays, it is ten to one if it laſts even that time.

All thoughts or expectations of a ſpeedy peace between the Porte and the Court of Peterſburgh are for the preſent entirely vaniſhed.

By the laſt letters from the Continent we learn, that the fate of Poland is at length decided, and ratified by the King and the Dyet; the particular arrangements are not yet made public, but it is generally underſtood that the King is to have a certain daily allowance, for the expences of his table and his court; that all the public affairs are to be conducted by a Council of State, to be choſen by the three powers; that the Dyet is to be convened every fourth year; and that the Republic is to keep up a regular ſtanding force, conſiſting of 12,000 men.

HAMBURGH, *May* 27. Advices from the Danube mention, that the Turks gained a complete victory, the 16th of April, over a detachment of 5000 Ruſſians, 2000 of whom were killed, wounded, or made priſoners.

LONDON, JUNE 7.

At a late Council, a diſtinguiſhed member gave it as his opinion, that the firſt blow ſtruck by France or Spain againſt the Ruſſians, muſt inevitably be conſidered as a declaration of war againſt Great-Britain; and, it is ſaid, a majority of the members preſent acquieſced in his ſentiments.

WHITEHALL, *June* 5. The King has been pleaſed to appoint William Campbell, Eſq; (commonly called Lord William Campbell) to be Captain General and Governor in Chief of His Majeſty's province of South-Carolina, in America, in the Room of Lord Charles Greville Montagu.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint Francis Legge, Eſq; to be Captain General and Governor in Chief of His Majeſty's province of Nova-Scotia, in America, in the room of Lord William Campbell.

JUNE 8.

It is confirmed that the diſpute concerning Holſtein is finally adjuſted by the King of Pruſſia, to the ſatisfaction of the different parties.

Would one think it poſſible that any man could be ſo mad as to riſk the loſs of an eſtate of Sixteen or Eighteen Thouſand per annum on a ſingle game at cards! And yet we are confidently aſſured, that a noble Duke loſt very lately, ſuch an income in this infamous manner.

It is ſaid, that ſeveral Lawyers are upon the road from Scotland to become candidates for the office of Judge in the Eaſt-Indies; and that ſeveral diſputes have paſſed among them in their journey, about who ſhall be the Chief.

Sunday morning Lord Camden was ſent for to town, and he arrived at his houſe in Lincoln's-Inn-Fields by nine o'clock, and returned in the afternoon to his ſeat at Chiſlehurſt, in Kent. It is very remarkable that the Miniſtry ſolicit his Lordſhip's opinion on every critical occaſion.

LEGHORN *(Italy) May* 19. It is aſſured that the armament at Toulon, which had been ſuſpended, has again reſumed its former vigour, ſince their learning there that the preparations were continued in the ports of England for fitting out a conſiderable ſquadron for the Mediterranean.

PARIS, *May* 28. There has been another great diſturbance at Marmande in Guienne, on account of the high price of corn. If theſe Diſturbancee ariſe in our other provinces, it will deſtroy the univerſal harmony which reigns there at preſent. The rioters ſtop the corn, pillage the magazines, beſiege the baker's houſes; and in ſhort, there is an univerſal diſorder, the conſequences of which are to be dreaded.

LONDON, JUNE 9.

At Alby, in France, the people became ſo deſperate, through diſtreſs for bread, that upwards of 40 unfortunate wretches loſt their lives, and with them the Mayor of the place, and his Lieutenant. The parliament of Thouloufe, in conſequence of this inſurrection, has cauſed 200 perſons to be taken up. Theſe letters add, that four men were broke upon the wheel the 28th of May laſt, for robberies committed in and about Paris, and that ſeveral more are taken up, and like to ſhare the ſame fate.

The celebrated Mrs. Ogilvie, who murdered her huſband, and committed inceſt with his brother, is now a ſincere penitent in a convent at Liſle, where ſhe retired when ſhe eſcaped from Scotland under ſentence of death.

*Extract of a Letter from Vienna, May* 28.

"We have this moment received the news of a dangerous inſurrection among the new-raiſed troops who were embodied in the Frontier provinces, eſpecially in Croatia, where they have murdered their commander, and moſt of the other officers, plundered the military cheſt, and then marched off for Turky. A large body of horſe and foot are now preparing to follow them."

JUNE 10.

At half after ſeven o'clock on Tueſday, the Houſe of Commons divided on the qualification clauſe in the Eaſt-India bill, which obliges the perſon to be enabled to vote, to be poſſeſſed of 1000 l. ſtock for twelve months preceding the day of election of directors.—Ayes 123, Noes 43.

About half paſt ten o'clock, the Houſe proceeded to make ſome amendments to the body of the bill. On which Lord North roſe, and propoſed to fill up the blanks with the names of the following gentlemen as Governor-General and Council: Waring Haſtings, Eſq; Lieutenant-General John Clavering, Lieutenant-General John Monſon, William Barwell, and Philip Francis, Eſqrs. His Lordſhip expatiated largely on the merits of the three firſt: He ſaid, as to Mr Barwell, he knew nothing but by report, and that he was at preſent one of the Council at Fort William; and as to the laſt gentleman, though he had not the pleaſure of knowing him, he came recommended to him in the ſtrongeſt manner for his learning, integrity, and high abilities. He concluded by obſerving, that Mr. Shombold, who had been appointed by the company to go at firſt in their commiſſion, had declined to accept of any appointment on the preſent occaſion.

As ſoon as Lord North ſat down, Mr. T. Townſhend (who had that day preſented a Petition from General Monckton, praying, that as the Company had ſome time ſince appointed him their Governor-General in India, he hoped the Houſe would confirm their appointment) roſe, and in the moſt warm and pointed terms arraigned his Lordſhip's contemptuous treatment of General Monckton.—However, after ſome altercations between his Lordſhip and Mr. Townſhend, Waring Haſtings, Eſqr's, name being propoſed as Governor-General, was unanimouſly agreed to; after which Mr. Townſhend propoſed, inſtead of the words "Lieutenant-General John Clavering," to inſert "General Monckton." This produced a very warm and well-ſupported debate on the part of oppoſition, which continued till within a quarter of one o'clock, when the Houſe divided, 60 for the previous queſtion, and 151 againſt it. The principal ſpeakers in favour of the motion were, Mr. Dowdeſwell, Mr. Dempſter, Gen. Howard, Gen. Burgoyne, Sir Alex. Gillmour, Gov. Johnſtone, Lord Geo. Germaine, and Mr. E. Burke: Againſt it, Mr. Attorney-General and Mr. C. Fox. The friends of the Miniſtry chiefly ſupported their arguments on the competency of the Houſe to appoint, and of their not being in any degree *influenced*, much leſs bound, by the previous deſignation of the Eaſt-India Company.

As ſoon as the Members returned into the Houſe, General Clavering, General Monſon, and Meſſrs. Barwell and Francis, were ſeverally propoſed, and their names inſerted without further oppoſition; and it being then near two o'clock, the Houſe adjourned.

We hear Mr. Fordyce intends to ſolicit Parliament for a Lottery, to repair his great loſſes ſuſtained by misfortunes in Change Alley, and the failure of his many ſchemes to ſupport the trade of this county, and to maintain his own grandeur. In ſhort, a lottery is allowed to be the beſt cure for a private as well as a public bankruptcy.


## New Advertiſements.

*On* Saturday *the 4th of* September *next*,

Will be SOLD, by public Sale,

*At the Houſe of Mrs.* Culliat, *at* Jackſonburgh, *at 12 o'Clock*,

SEVERAL NEGROES,

Part of the Eſtate of Doctor ALEXANDER FITZGERALD, deceaſed. Credit will be given to the 1ſt of *January*, paying Intereſt from the Day of Sale, and giving approved Security.

For the Executors, JACOB VALK.

N. B. Some more Negroes will be put up for Sale, at the ſame Time.

STOLEN,

*From the Subſcriber's Plantation, near* DORCHESTER, *on* SUNDAY *the 1ſt Day of this Month*,

A large Bay GELDING,

Bred to the *Northward*, above Fifteen Hands high, had Shoes on his fore Feet and on his off hind Foot, the Hoof of which is greatly worn, and he always goes lame; has a large Star in his Forehead, and his two hind Feet are white; is more than eight Years old.——This Horſe is very remarkable, as he will ſeldom draw in a Carriage without another Horſe drawing before him:—He paces and trots, and is not branded.

*And*, A Bay GELDING,

About Fifteen Hands high, trots very high, and is about eight Years old; may be eaſily known as a Colt of SKIM'S; he formerly belonged to *Daniel Herry*, Eſq; and is branded DH on the mounting Buttock; has a blind Star in his Forehead; both his hind Feet white, and a Scar entirely round one of his Feet.

*Alſo*, A ſmall Bay GELDING,

Of the *Engliſh* Breed, about Thirteen Hands and an Half high, paces, trots, and canters very eaſy, but often trips; has a ſmall Star in his Forehead, his near fore Foot and off hind Foot are white; is about ſeven Years old, and branded WZ in one, on the mounting Shoulder.

A Reward of TEN DOLLARS, beſides all reaſonable Charges, will be given for each of the above Geldings:—Or, if Information is given of the Perſon or Perſons who committed the Theft, ſo that he or they may be convicted thereof, a further Reward of TEN GUINEAS will be paid, by applying to WILLIAM HALFPENNY, Overſeer on the ſaid Plantation, or to me in *Charles-Town*.

*Charles-Town, Auguſt 4th*, 1773. } Alexander Wright.

JAMES LOCKARIDGE, informs me of a white MARE, about Thirteen Hands and an Half high, Ten Years old, and trotts, branded on the right Shoulder and Buttock IE, on the off Buttock GE;—ſhe has a Lump below her left Ear, and is very broad on the Top of her Shoulders.

*June the 29th*, 1773.

WILLIAM SMITH, of a brown Two-year old HEIFER, marked with a Swallow Fork in each Ear.

*July the 13th*, 1773.

EDWARD McGEARY, of a dapple grey MARE, about Twelve Hands high, Seven Years old, paces and trots; branded on the off Buttock ſomething like NO joining;—ſhe has on about a 20*s*. Bell.

*July the 14th*, 1773.

PETER YOUNGBLOOD, of a brown Bay MARE, about Fourteen Hands high, with ſome Saddle-Spots; branded on the nigh Shoulder IM, and on the off Shoulder with a Stirrup-Iron.

*July the 17th*, 1773.

The Owners of the above Strays, muſt prove their Property before me, at *Long-Canes*.

WILLIAM CALHOUN, J. P.

## *To the* PUBLIC.

IN Juſtice to myſelf, as well as for the Satisfaction of the Public, whoſe Apprehenſions concerning the SMALL-POX may be exaggerated by falſe Reports, I am induced to give the following Detail of what happened at my Houſe, and of the Meaſures purſued in Conſequence of it.

On Friday the 30th of July, I obſerved a Negro Man of mine to be ſeemingly diſordered, and, upon aſking his Complaint, was told that he had had a Pain in his Stomach, but was much better. I took no farther Notice of him until Sunday Evening, when I was informed that he appeared to be growing worſe.—He then complained of Pains in his Head and Back, which were attended with a Fever. Theſe Symptoms continued, and on Tueſday I perceived an Eruption on his Face and Hands, which I thought might poſſibly be the Meaſles.—Being told that he had already had that Diſorder, I was, rather by an Aſſociation of Ideas, than from any Suſpicion, led to queſtion him concerning the Small-Pox—which he had never had. My Enquiries were, whether he had been on board of any Veſſel in the Road—among any new Negroes—or in any Place whatever where he could poſſibly have received the Infection: To all which I was anſwered in the Negative. I then examined his Body, and finding no Puſtules on any Part that was covered by his Cloaths, I was perfectly ſatisfied, concluding it to be nothing more than the Stings of Muſkettoes. From this Time until Friday Morning, even the Name of Small-Pox was ſcarcely ever once in my Mind—I was indeed at a Loſs to account for the great Degree of Delirium that ſucceeded; to which the other Symptoms of Danger ſeemed not at all to correſpond: But the Science of Medicine will never attain to ſuch Perfection as to be unattended with Difficulties.

On Friday I obſerved the Puſtules to be ſo ſenſibly enlarged, and to have much a Reſemblance of the Small-Pox, that I was then, for the firſt Time, alarmed. I went immediately to the Doctors MILLIGAN, GARDEN, & CHANLER; whoſe Opinions, upon ſeeing the Negro, confirmed my Apprehenſions, though, on Account of ſome Circumſtances in the Symptoms and Appearance of the Diſorder, when minutely examined, joined to the ſeeming Impoſſibility of his having been expoſed to the Contagion, none of us could be poſitive that it was the Small-Pox. I gave Orders that my Neighbours ſhould be informed of it, and proceeded, without Delay, to the Lieutenant-Governor's, but could not ſee him until Three o'Clock, when he returned from the Council-Chamber.—His Honour, upon receiving the Information, gave me an Order to the Church-Wardens, to get the Negro removed to Sullivant's-Iſland. With two of theſe Gentlemen I went in Queſt of a Boat and a Cart; both which we found great Difficulty to engage.—The Market Wharf, which was the neareſt, being very public, it was thought proper to carry him to Prioleau's Wharf, where the Boat happened to lie. Theſe Matters being ſettled by the Church-Wardens, farther Trouble from them was judged unneceſſary, as it was my Intention, at any Rate, to ſee the Negro conveyed to a Place of Safety. When he arrived at the Wharf, I was in ſome Danger of being obliged to bring him back again or to leave him expoſed to the Rain, whilſt I ſhould go again in Search of the Church-Wardens; for the People who had agreed with them to take him, upon farther Conſideration, refuſed to do it.—This was the ſecond Boat that diſappointed us; but luckily I found a third, in which there was but one Perſon, who undertook to carry him.

In this Account, I have adhered ſtrictly to the Truth—nor have I omitted any Circumſtance that ill-diſpoſed People might turn to my Diſadvantage.—It will appear from it, that, as a Member of the Community, I did not only my Duty, but more than was incumbent on me. I have upon this, as I hope I ſhall upon every other Occaſion, acted according to the Dictates of my Conſcience—and in ſo doing, I am ſure of the Approbation of the generous and ſenſible Part of Mankind: The Reſt I hold in Contempt.—It may be, and I believe, has been alledged, that a Phyſician ought to have been able to diſtinguiſh the Diſorder more readily. I had not the moſt diſtant Reaſon to ſuſpect a Poſſibility of it; and therefore naturally had Recourſe to other Means of accounting for the Symptoms.—Every Man of common Senſe can ſee, that from the very Nature of the Profeſſion, Difficulties muſt frequently occur to the moſt ſkilful. In ſhort, ſuch Obſervations, I am conſcious, can be made only by weak Minds, whoſe Want of Senſe is ſupplied by Ill-Nature: And their Opinions are unworthy of my Regard.

As to the Method of removing the Negro, that depended not on me, but the Officers appointed for that Purpoſe: Yet, had I perceived any Impropriety in it, I ſhould certainly have taken the Liberty of pointing it out to them. It did not, at that Time, occur to me, that Lamboll's Bridge, or any other Place, would have been more eligible than the Wharf to which he was carried: Nor do I now judge it of any Importance—for I think I could ſafely pawn my Life for the Security of any Perſon againſt receiving the Contagion as he paſſed through the Streets. A Perſon, who ſaid he was a Magiſtrate, came to my Door, and made a Clamour about this Matter, but did not offer to take the Management of it upon himſelf, although it was by no Means too late.—Had he made ſuch a Propoſal with the Civility of a Gentleman, I ſhould readily have acquieſced, and even eſteemed it a Favour.

BENEVOLUS, in Mr. *Crouch*'s laſt Paper, treats of the ſame Subject with a good Deal of Aſperity. I am at a Loſs to underſtand whether or not he means any Impeachment of my Conduct.—If he does, let him explain himſelf, and make known his real Name, and I ſhall take proper Notice of him.—There are in every Country ſome Wretches, Strangers to the Feelings of Humanity, or the Checks of Conſcience, who are always ready to ſuſpect others of every Act of Villainy which their own Buſineſs is capable of perpetrating. I am not ſurprized to hear, that by theſe I have been accuſed of the horrid Intention of ſacrificing, to Views of promoting my own Intereſt, the Lives and Happineſs of my Fellow-Creatures.—Men of this Stamp, it is to be hoped, are but few, and of thoſe few the greater Part Reptiles too contemptible for Chaſtiſement: But ſhould ſuch an one be found to diſgrace the Rank of a Gentleman, he may be aſſured of feeling, in the Manner he may reaſonably expect, the Reſentment of one whoſe Life is leſs dear to him than his Reputation. THOMAS-TUDER TUCKER.

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*Mr.* POWELL,

WITHIN a few Days paſt, there has been a numerous Diſtribution amongſt us, of printed Copies of "*an Addreſs to the Public by D. Douglaſs*," wherein "he offers an Exertion of the "Abilities of *a Company of Comedians*, under "his Direction, the enſuing Winter, to *the* "FAVOUR *and* PATRONAGE *of the* LADIES *and* GENTLEMEN *of South-Carolina*."

He begins with acquainting the Public, that "a well-regulated Theatre, wherever the Polite Arts have been cheriſhed, has been allowed to be a noble Inſtitution, calculated "for the Improvement and Refinement of Human Society—"to be the *moſt rational* Entertainment an enlarged Mind can "enjoy—and of the *utmoſt Utility* to the Common Wealth:" That he "has been repeatedly *urged*, by *many* Gentlemen of "this Province, to eſtabliſh a Theatre in Charles-Town, "where, *they* aſſured him, he might *depend* upon *the greateſt* "*Encouragement*:" That "his Connections in New-York "and Philadelphia, had hitherto deprived him of the Pleaſure "of re-viſiting this Place." That "his Company is the *firſt*, "in Point of Theatrical Merit, out of London;" that "there "are in it ſeveral Performers, whoſe Talents would be diſtinguiſhed in a Theatre-Royal;" and that *their* Catalogue "of Plays is, perhaps, the *moſt judicious* and extenſive that "any one Company ever was poſſeſſed of:" But, as "a "Theatre MUST be built," and "it is not in *his* Power "to do it, without the Aſſiſtance of the Public;" he propoſes that it be done *by Subſcriptions*, and "to deliver to the Ladies "or Gentlemen who ſhall ſubſcribe, the Value of their reſpective Subſcriptions in Tickets, admiſſible any Night of Performance during the Seaſon;" obſerving, that "Thus, if a "Gentleman imagines he will have Occaſion for Twenty Box "Tickets in the Courſe of the Winter, he ſuffers no greater "Inconvenience, than advancing Five Pounds Sterling, the "Coſt of them, a few Months before they are uſed." And he concludes, by telling us, that "*This Propoſal* is not *very* "*diſadvantageous* to the Public, but it will be of the *utmoſt* "*Convenience* to himſelf."—That "the Money" thus ſubſcribed, "ſhall be faithfully applied to the Purpoſe for which "it is raiſed."—That Subſcriptions will be received by "him, "*at Mrs. Dawſon*'s, in Tradd-Street, Mr. *Cannon*, in Queen-"Street, or Mr. *Wells*, on the Bay."—And that "as ſoon as "a ſufficient Number have ſubſcribed, the Tickets will be "made out and delivered, and the neceſſary Steps taken, to "carry the Deſign into Execution."

Waving, for the preſent, particular Remarks upon the foregoing Addreſs and Propoſal, it muſt be acknowledged, That Mr. DOUGLASS's Plan is well laid, and unexceptionable *upon the Principles which actuate Mankind in general*, i. e. admirably calculated to put Money into his Pockets, and to ſupport a Number of People, who, having devoted themſelves to the Stage, rather than Induſtry, are unfit for any other more reputable Employment. It is not intended to bring Mr. DOUGLASS's Merit into Queſtion, nor are the Abilities of the Performers under his Direction, diſputed. But, had he been *properly* adviſed, he certainly would not have been *urged*, by *many*, to eſtabliſh a Theatre here (and aſſured of the greateſt Encouragement) *at a* TIME, when the Appointment of a Day of *public Faſting and Prayer* might more naturally be expected to be ſolicited, than a Licence to eſtabliſh a Play-Houſe.

Mr. DOUGLASS is to be commended in aſking for *what* "*will be of the utmoſt Convenience to him*:" But, will it be *as convenient* for us to give it, when there is ſcarce circulating Caſh ſufficient to purchaſe even the common Neceſſaries of Life, at their late exorbitant advanced Prices? Will it be *expedient*, on other Conſiderations?

Theſe who have Money to ſpare, may eaſily find other Objects on whom it can be worthily beſtowed, and very little Enquiry is requiſite to make the Diſcovery. If they would chuſe to give it to People employed in "*poliſhing the Manners and forming* "*the Taſte*," let them turn their Eyes to an *unfortunate Man*, the Sale of whoſe Eſtate is adverniſed to be on *Wedneſday the 18th Inſtant*, when the whole Fruits of many Years intenſe Application and Induſtry, without ſome Aſſiſtance, muſt be ſunk, and loſt to his Family. Mr. P. is meant—a Man, who, tho' unfortunate in many Peculiarities, has nevertheleſs, had the Charge and Tuition of moſt of the young People in this Town, and of the Country, and conducted himſelf irreproachably in *every Inſtance*, and that too in a Branch of Education which not many of his Profeſſion fail to proſtitute to vile and infamous Purpoſes: He has been ambitious of gracing this Town with an elegant Building; that has been his Hobby-Horſe, it has thrown him; but ſurely it is yet in the Power of the numerous Parents and Guardians of the Children he has taught, to prevent him, at leaſt his Family, being deprived of that Building. He has Merit, every Man his Foibles, why then ſhould not his Situation be conſidered with Candour and Generoſity?

The Writer hereof is not moved to throw out this Hint, from any Connection or Acquaintance with Mr. P.—On the Contrary, he ſcarce knows him: but has heard enough of his Character as a Teacher, to influence him in his Favour, and to make him happy, ſhould this any Way operate to his Advantage.

I am.

*Charles-Town, Auguſt 9th, 1773.* Yours, &c. BENEVOLUS.

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## New Advertiſements.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor hath received certain Information that the SMALL-POX is now at the Peſt-Houſe on *Sullivant's-Iſland*, PUBLIC NOTICE therefore is hereby given, that ALL Perſons may refrain from going to *Sullivant's-Iſland* aforeſaid, without proper Permiſſion: *And further*, That the Laws will be ſtrictly put in Execution againſt all Offenders.

*By Order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor.*

JAMES SIMPSON, C. C. C.

*Auguſt 3, 1773.*

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*To be SOLD* CHEAP,

About 7000 Hogſhead and Barrel

HOOP POLES,

Split and drawn.

Enquire at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange.

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*ATKINS & WESTON,*

HAVE JUST IMPORTED,

*A Stock of beſt Family-Medicines,*

ALL WARRANTED GENUINE;

*To be SOLD*, WHOLESALE *or* RETALE,

As CHEAP as poſſible.

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THOMAS NICHOLSON,

*Begs Leave to acquaint the PUBLIC,*

THAT he teaches the *French* Language:—He has reſided Sixteen Years in *France*, where he applied himſelf to the *Latin*, which he likewiſe propoſes to teach, as the *Engliſh* is his Mother-Tongue;—he has opened a SCHOOL for Children, at the Houſe of Mrs. *Cotton*, near the Sign of *The Three Legs*, in *King-ſtreet*.—This, without any further Preamble, he flatters himſelf, will ſuffice to the diſcerning Public, of whoſe Candour he expects a ſufficient Encouragement in his Undertakings.

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JOSEPH DUBOSE, informs me of a Sorrel HORSE, about Twelve Hands and an Half high, with a Blaze Face; branded on the off Buttock ſomething like TD, blotched.—The Owner muſt prove his Property before

*Aug. 7, 1773.* LEVI DURAND, J. P.

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## CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 9.

WE have the Pleaſure to acquaint our Readers, that all Apprehenſions of the *Small Pox* being in this Town, are now entirely over. Since the Removal of the Negro mentioned in our laſt, there is not the leaſt Appearance of that Infection; notwithſtanding a Variety of Reports to the contrary, all which, upon being carefully traced, we find to have had their Foundation either in Fear or Malice. The Negro removed to the Peſt-Houſe, it is now allowed, has that Diſorder; he is ſuppoſed to have caught the Infection on board a Sloop that was here from Grenada, where he had a Brother, and whoſe Crew had been inoculated at that Iſland. The laſt Perſon that had the Small-Pox on board the Sloop Hope, Capt. Tunnard, had recovered ſome Days before that Veſſel's Arrival; no one ſince has been ſick on board; her Quarantine is ſtrictly performing; and every Precaution has been taken to prevent all Poſſibility of Infection from thence, ſo that the Cargo may ſafely be ſold by the 20th Inſtant.

By the Swallow Packet-Boat, Capt. Copeland, which arrived Yeſterday from Falmouth, it is confirmed, that the Rt. Hon. Lord WILLIAM CAMPBELL (who married one of the Miſſes Izard here) was appointed Governor in Chief, &c. of this Province, immediately on the Reſignation of the Rt. Hon. Lord Charles-Greville Montagu. And, we hear, His Lordſhip may be expected here about the Beginning of November next.

The GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province is to meet here this Day.

A new Houſe of Repreſentatives were elected the 24th of May laſt, in Barbados. His Excellency the Hon. EDWARD HAY, the new Governor of that Iſland, arrived there June 6th. And on the 13th His Excellency opened a Seſſion of the General Aſſembly, wherein he promiſes to concur in every Meaſure for the Good of the Iſland, *within the Limits of his Inſtructions*.

The whole Face of the Country has been ſo well watered within 10 Days paſt, by plentiful and daily Showers, that the Crop of Rice wears a very pleaſing Aſpect; but it is not yet out of Danger: Too much Rain, or an Hurricane, may exhibit full as melancholly a Proſpect as we had a Fortnight ago by a Drought.

The Ship Greyhound, Captain O'Neal, which ſailed from hence the 12th paſt, bound for Briſtol, loſt her Main-maſt on the 14th, and on the 15th was ſpoke with, ſtanding in for Virginia, by a Veſſel which took two Paſſengers out of her, and landed them in Philadelphia.

113,300 Tierces of Rice have been exported from hence ſince the 1ſt of November laſt.——The Price of Rice is ſtill 70*ſ.* per 100lb. and of Indian Corn, 25*ſ.* per Buſhel.

*** *The Letter from Providence, ſigned* A BAHAMIAN, *ſhall be inſerted in our next—ſo will the Advertiſements now omitted.*

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## Timothy's Marine Liſt.

| *Auguſt* | Arrived at Charles-Town, | *From* |
|---|---|---|
| 4th. | Schooner Jonge Pietre, Benjamin Smith, | St. Croix |
| 5th. | Schooner Adventure, Clement Convers, | Antigua |
| 6th. | Brigt. Prince of Wales, Thomas Maſon, | Philadelphia |
| | Brigt. Friendſhip, Thomas Grinly, | St. Lucie & Grenada |
| | Schooner Mary, John Young, | Hiſpaniola |
| 8th. | *Snow Swallow (Packet) Capt. Wm. Copeland,* | Falmouth |
| 9th. | Sloop Ranger, Richard King, | St. Kitts |
| *Auguſt* | Sailed, | *For* |
| 2d. | Ship Carolina, John Beſnard, | Falmouth |
| | Schooner Antigua-Packet, John Henry, | St. Euſtatius |
| 3d. | Ship St. Helena, George Arthur, | Briſtol |
| 4th. | Ship Betty & Jenny, Alexander Thomſon, | London |
| | Schooner Diſpatch, Benjamin Miners, | Providence |
| 8th. | Brigt. Betſy, Peter Schermerhorn, | New-York |
| 9th. | Ship Edward, Henry Grayſon, | Liverpoole |
| | Remain windbound or cleared, | *For* |
| | Brigt. Amelia, John M'Neil, | London |
| | Brigt. Nancy, John Ingraham, | St. Euſtatius |
| | Brigt. Expedition, Michael Dove, | London |
| | Schooner Sally, James Taylor, | Georgia |
| | Sloop Thomas & Anthony, Sol. Gibbes, | Bermuda |
| | Near loaded, or may ſail betwixt this and our next. | |
| | Ship Betty, William Morgan, | Briſtol |
| | Ship Corſican Hero, Clement Noble, | Liverpoole |
| | Ship Pallas, John Turner, | Jamaica |
| | Snow Molly, John Read, | Lancaſter |
| | Brigt. John, Joſeph Mountany, | New-York |
| | Schooner Ogeachie, Ichabod Higgins, | Georgia |
| | Schooner Betſy & Polly, Samuel Stone, | Georgia |
| | Schooner Savannah-Packet, John Turner, | Georgia |
| | Sloop New-York Packet, Jeſſe Hunt, | New-York |
| | Sloop Raven, Nicholas Bonamy, | Providence |
| | Sloop Governor Eruere, William Beil, | Virginia |

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## New Advertiſements.

THE Members of the *St. Cæcilia* Society, are deſired to attend a Quarterly Meeting of the ſaid Society, on THURSDAY the Nineteenth of *Auguſt* Inſtant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Mrs. FRANCES SWALLOW'S. *By Order of the Preſident.*

JOHN OWEN, *Treaſurer.*

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*RUN AWAY from the Subſcriber,*

On *Saturday* the 10th Day of *July*, Inſtant,

A NEGRO FELLOW, named *Erſkyne*,

But is called by his Fellow-Servants by the Name of BRUCE: He is of the *Guiney* Country, Five Feet Six or Eight Inches high, about 30 Years of Age, of a yellowiſh Complexion, and much pitted in his Face with the Small-Pox;—had on when he went away a blue Sailor's Jacket, long white Trowſers, ſtript Check Shirt, Shoes and Stockings, with a Handkerchief tied about his Head, and a round Hat on:—He is a very ſenſible, artful, ſly Fellow, ſpeaks very good Engliſh, and plays remarkably well on the Fiddle.—As he has carried off all his Cloaths (ſome of which are really too good for any of his Colour) he probably may change his Dreſs, and Name, paſs as a free Man, and endeavour to get off the Province in ſome Veſſel or other; all Maſters of Veſſels, and others, are hereby cautioned againſt entertaining, harbouring, concealing, or carrying off the Province the ſaid Fellow, as they may depend on being proſecuted, to the utmoſt Rigour of the Law.——TEN POUNDS Reward, and all reaſonable Charges will be paid, on Delivery of him to me, or the Warden of the Work-Houſe in *Charles-Town*:—And, as I have great Reaſon to ſuſpect that the ſaid Fellow is harboured in *Charles-Town*, a further Reward of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS Currency will be given, to any Perſon or Perſons that will inform of his being harboured by a White Perſon, and THIRTY POUNDS if by a free Negro or Slave; to be paid on Conviction of the Offender or Offenders, by

*July 27, 1773.* ALEXANDER WYLLY.

N. B. The ſaid Fellow has worked ſome Time in *Charles-Town* at the Barber's Buſineſs, and was lately the Property of Mr. *William Panton*, from whom I purchaſed him.

## BOSTON, JUNE 21.

Copy of letters sent to *Great-Britain*, by his Excellency *Thomas Hutchinson*, the Hon. *Andrew Oliver*, and several other persons born and educated among us. Which original letters have been returned to *America*, and laid before the Hon. House of Representatives of this province. In which *(notwithstanding his Excellency's declaration to the House, that the tendency and design of them was not to subvert the constitution, but rather to preserve it entire)* the judicious reader will discover the fatal source of the confusion and bloodshed in which this province especially has been involved, and which threatened total destruction to the liberties of all America.

### LETTERS of the GOVERNOR, &c.

SIR, *Boston, 18th June, 1768.*

AS you allow me the honour of your correspondence, I may not omit acquainting you with so remarkable an event as the withdraw of the commissioners of the customs and most of the other officers under them from the town on board the Romney, with an intent to remove from thence to the castle.

In the evening of the 10th, a sloop belonging to Mr. Hancock, a Representative for Boston, and a wealthy merchant, of great influence over the populace, was seized by the collector and comptroller for a very notorious breach of the acts of trade, and, after seizure, taken into custody by the officer of the Romney man of war, and removed under command of her guns. It is pretended that the removal and not the seizure incensed the people. It seems not very material which it was—A mob was immediately raised, the officers insulted, bruised, and much hurt, and the windows of some of their houses broke; a boat belonging to the collector burnt in triumph, and many threats uttered against the commissioners and their officers: No notice being taken of their extravagance in the time of it, nor any endeavours by any authority except the Governor, the next day, to discover and punish the offenders; and there being a rumour of a higher mob intended Monday (the 13) in the evening, the commissioners, *four of them*, thought themselves altogether unsafe, being destitute of protection, and removed with their families to the Romney, and there remain and hold their board and next week intend to do the same, and also open the custom-house at the castle. The Governor pressed the Council to assist him with their advice, but they declined and evaded, calling it a brush or small disturbance by boys and negroes, not considering *how much it must be resented in England*, that the officers of the Crown should think themselves obliged to quit the place of their residence and go on board a King's ship for safety, and all the internal authority of the province take no notice of it—The town of Boston have had repeated meetings, and by their votes declared the commissioners and their officers a great grievance, and yesterday instructed their representatives to endeavour that enquiry should be made by the Assembly whether any person by writing or in any other way had encouraged the sending troops here, there being some alarming report that troops are expected, but have not taken any measures to discountenance the promoter of the late proceedings; but on the contrary appointed one or more of the actors or abettors in a Committee appointed to wait on the Governor, and to desire him to order the men of war out of the harbour.

Ignorant as they may be, yet the heads of a Boston town-meeting influences all public measures.

It is not possible this anarchy should last always. Mr. Hallowell who will be the bearer of this tells me he has the honour of being personally known to you. I beg leave to refer you to him for a more full account.

I am, with the greatest esteem, Sir,
Your most humble and obedient Servant,
THOMAS HUTCHINSON.

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SIR, *Boston, August 1768.*

IT is very necessary other information should be had in England, of the present state of the Commissioners of the customs, than what common fame will bring to you, or what you will receive from most of the letters which go from hence, people in general being prejudiced by many false reports and misrepresentations concerning them. Seven eights of the people of the country suppose the board itself to be unconstitutional, and cannot be undeceived, and brought to believe that a board has existed in England all this century, and that the board established here has no new powers given to it. Our incendiaries know it, but they industriously and very wickedly publish the contrary. As much pains has been taken to prejudice the country against the persons of the commissioners, and their characters have been misrepresented and cruelly treated, especially since their confinement at the castle, where they are not likely to hear what is said of them, and are not so able to confute it.

It is now pretended they need not have withdrawn, that Mr. Williams had stood his ground without any injury, although the mob beset his house, &c. There never was that spirit raised against the under officers as against the commissioners, *I mean four of them*. They had a public affront offered them by the town of Boston, who refused to give the use of their hall for a public dinner, unless it was stipulated that the commissioners should not be invited. An affront of the same nature, at the motion of Mr. Hancock, was offered by a company of cadets. Soon after a vessel of Mr. Hancock's being seized, the officers were mobbed, and the commissioners were informed they were threatened. I own I was in pain for them. I do not believe if the mob had seized them, there was any authority able and willing to have rescued them. After they had withdrawn, the town signified to the Governor by a message, that it was expected or desired they should not return. After all this, the sons of liberty say, they deserted or abdicated.

The other officers of the customs in general either did not leave the town, or soon returned to it. Some of them seem to be discontented with the commissioners. Great pains have been taken to encrease the discontent. Their office by these means is rendered extremely burthensome. Every thing they do is found fault with, and yet no particular illegality or even irregularity mentioned. There is too much hauteur, some of their officers say, in the treatment they receive. They say they treat their officers as the commissioners treat their officers in England, and require no greater deference. After all it is not the persons but the office of the commissioners which has raised this spirit, and the distinction made between the commissioners is because it has been given out that four of them were in favour of the new establishment, and the *fifth was not*.. If Mr. Hallowell arrived safe, he can inform you many circumstances relative to this distinction, which I very willingly excuse myself from mentioning.

I know of no burden brought upon the fair trader by the new establishment. The illicit trader finds the risque greater than it used to be, especially in the port where the board is constantly held. Another circumstance which encreases the prejudice is this, The new duties happened to take place just about the time the commissioners arrived. People have absurdly connected the duties and board of commissioners, and suppose we should have had no additional duties if there had been no board to have the charge of collecting them. With all the aid you can give to the officers of the Crown they will have enough to do, to maintain the authority of government, and to carry the laws into execution.

If they are discountenanced, neglected, or fail of support from you, they must submit to every thing the present opposers of government think fit to require of them.

There is no office under greater discouragements than that of the commissioners. Some of my friends recommended me to the Ministry. I think myself very happy that I am not one. Indeed it would have been incompatible with my post as Chief Justice, and I must have declined it, and I should do it, although no greater salary had been affixed to the Chief Justice's place than the small pittance allowed by the province.

From my acquaintance with the commissioners, I have conceived a personal esteem for them, but my chief inducement to make this representation to you, is a regard to the public interest, which I am sure will suffer if the opposition carry their point against them.

I am, with very great esteem,
Sir, your most obedient humble Servant,
THO. HUTCHINSON.

*August* 10. Yesterday at a meeting of the merchants, it was agreed by all present to give no more orders for goods from England, nor receive any one commission until the late acts are repealed. And it is said all except sixteen in the town have subscribed an engagement of that tenor. I hope the subscription will be printed that I may transmit it to you.

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DEAR SIR, *Boston, 4th October 1768.*

I WAS absent upon one of our circuits when Mr. Byles arrived. Since my return I have received from him your obliging letter of the 31st July. I never dared to think what the resentment of the nation would be upon Hallowell's arrival. It is not strange that measures should be immediately taken to reduce the colonies to their former state of government and order. But that the national funds should be affected by it is to me a little surprizing. Principles of government absurd enough, spread through all the colonies; but I cannot think that in any colony, people of any consideration have ever been so mad as to think of a revolt. Many of the common people have been in a frenzy, and talked of dying in defence of their liberties, and have spoke and printed what is highly criminal, and too many of rank above the vulgar, and some *in public posts* have countenanced and encouraged them until they increased so much in their numbers, and in their opinion of their importance, as to submit to government no further than they thought proper. The legislative powers have been influenced by them, and the executive powers intirely lost their force. There has been continual danger of mobs and insurrections, but they would have spent all their force within ourselves, the officers of the Crown and some of the few friends who dared to stand by them possibly might have been knocked in the head, and some such fatal event would probably have brought the people to their senses. For four or five weeks past the distemper has been growing, and I confess I have not been without some apprehensions for myself, but my friends have had more for me, and I have had repeated and frequent notices from them from different quarters, *one of the last I will enclose to you* *. In this state of things there was no security but quitting my posts, which nothing but the last extremity would justify. As Chief Justice for two years after our first disorders, I kept the grand juries tolerably well to their duty. The last spring there had been several riots, and a most infamous libel had been published in one of the papers, which I enlarged upon, and the grand jury had determined to make presentments, but the Attorney-General not attending them the first day, Otis and his creatures, who were alarmed and frightened, exercised themselves the next day, and prevailed upon so many of the jury to change their voices, that there was not a sufficient number left to find a bill. They have been ever since more enraged against me than ever. At the desire of the Governor I committed to writing the charge while it lay in my memory, and as I have no further Use for it I will inclose it as it may give you some idea of our Judicatories.

Whilst we were in this state, news came of two new regiments being ordered from Halifax, and soon after two more from Ireland. The minds of the people were more and more agitated, broad hints were given that the troops should never land, a barrel of tar was placed upon the Beacon, in the night to be fired to bring in the country when the troops appeared, and all the authority of the Government was not strong enough to remove it. The town of Boston met and passed a number of weak but very criminal votes; and as the Governor declined calling an Assembly, they sent circular letters to all the towns and districts to send a person each, that there might be a general consultation at so extraordinary a crisis. They met and spent a week, made themselves ridiculous, and then dissolved themselves, after a message or two to the Governor, which he refused to receive; a petition to the King which I dare say *their agent* will never be allowed to present, and a result which they have published ill-natured and impotent.

In this confusion the troops from Halifax arrived. I never was much afraid of the people's taking arms, but I was apprehensive of violence from the mob, it being the last chance before the troops could land. As the prospect of revenge became more certain, their courage abated in proportion. Two regiments are landed, but a new grievance is now raised. The troops are by act of Parliament to be quartered no where else but in the barracks until they are full. There are barracks enough at the castle to hold both regiments. It is therefore against the act to bring any of them into town. This was started by the Council in their answer to the Governor, which, to make themselves popular, they in an unprecedented way published and have alarmed all the province; for although none but the most contracted minds could put such a construction upon the act, yet after this declaration of the Council, nine tenths of the people suppose it just. I wish the act had been better expressed; but it is absurd to suppose the Parliament intended to take from the King the direction of his forces by confining them to a place where any of the colonies might think fit to build barracks. It is besides ungrateful, for it is known to many, that this provision was brought into the bill after it had been framed without it, from mere favour to the colonies. I hear the commander in chief has provided barracks or quarters, but a doubt still remains with the Council, whether they are to furnish the articles required, unless the men are in the province barracks, and they are to determine upon it to-day.

The government has been so long in the hands of the populace, that it must come out of them by degrees, at least it will be a work of time to bring the people back to just notions of the nature of government.

Mr. Pepperrell, a young gentleman of a good character, and grandson and principal heir to the late Sir William Pepperrell, being bound to London, I shall deliver this letter to him, as it will be too bulky for postage, and desire him to wait upon you with it.

I am with great esteem,
Sir, your most humble and most obedient servant,
THO. HUTCHINSON.

* *See the following Letter.*

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SIR,

THE great esteem I have for you in every point of light, perhaps renders my fears and doubts for the safety of your person greater than they ought to be; however if that is an error, it certainly results from true friendship, naturally jealous. Last night I was informed by a gentleman of my acquaintance, who had his information from one intimate with and knowing to the infernal purposes of the sons of liberty, as they falsely stile themselves, that he verily believed, from the terrible threats and menaces by those Catalines against you, that your life is greatly in danger. This informant I know is under obligations to you, and is a man of veracity. He expressed himself with concern for you, and the gentleman acquainting me with this horrid circumstance, assured me he was very uneasy till you had notice. I should have done myself the honour of waiting on you, but am necessarily prevented. The duty I owed to you as a friend, and to the public as a member of society, would not suffer me to rest till I had put your honour upon your guard; for though this may be a false alarm, nothing would have given me greater pain, if any accident had happened, and I had been silent. If possible I will see you tomorrow, and let you know further into this black affair. And am with the fincerest friendship and respect, your honour's most obedient, and most humble servant,

ROB. AUCHMUTY.

To the honourable Thomas Hutchinson.
*Sept. 14th*, 1768.

[ *To be continued.* ]

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*To be SOLD,*
At COST and CHARGES for CASH,
*And in Proportion for* CREDIT,
By SAMUEL GORDON,
*At the Corner of* Bedon's-Alley, *in* Elliott-Street,

MARSEILLES Quilting; striped, flowered, and plain Muslins; Tambour worked Handkerchiefs, Ruffles, and Aprons; Suits of Child-Bed Linen; Ladies Dress Caps, fashionable Bonnets, and Cloaks; Silk and Satin Petticoats; Riding Hats, with double Plumes of Ostrich Feathers for Ditto.

*And at his usual* ADVANCE,

A Great Choice of *Irish* Linens and Cheeks, *Russia* Sheeting, painted Gown Patterns, Bombazeens and Crapes; Lawns, Cambricks; a great Variety of Silks, fit for the present Season; Ribbons, japanned Tea Kitchens, Trays, and Waiters; Mahogany Tea Chests, Cases of Knives and Forks, Ditto of Razors; Hosiery, broad Cloths, fashionable Stripes for Waistcoats; sundry Sets of enamelled Tea China at 95*l.* a Set, Tea ditto at 12*l.* 12*s.* a Set, Dishes and Plates, Bowls and Basons by the Dozen, Wine and Nipple Glasses, Looking Glasses, Pewter Pots and Ink Stands, Mens fine Hats, &c.

A complete Set of Books for the Counting-House, at *Seven* for *One*; Butter in Kegs at 4*s.* per lb. Hyson and Bohea TEA.

*Also*, Excellent Red PORT, in Bottles.

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To be SOLD,

A Likely and healthy young NEGRO WENCH, who is an exceeding good plain Cook, and can wash and iron equal to any in this Country:——She has a Son, about Three Years old, that will be sold with her.

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A WET-NURSE is wanted,
One without a Child would be preferred, and good Wages given.——Apply at the PRINTING-OFFICE on the BAY, near the EXCHANGE.

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*For SALE,*

A HOUSE and LOT, in *George-Street*, *Ansonborough*, Forty-one Feet wide, and Two Hundred and Forty-two Feet deep, with every necessary Out-Building for a genteel Family, and a Well of exceeding good Water.—Any Person inclinable to purchase, may apply, in *Union-Street-Continued, to* JOHN MATTHEWS.

Where the SHOE-MAKING BUSINESS is carried on as usual, and DRAWING BOOT-LEGS, of the best Quality, always ready.

*N. B.* He desires those whose Accounts have been long standing, to discharge them immediately.

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To be SOLD by private Contract,
*By the SUBSCRIBER,*

A LOT of LAND (No. 31) being Part of the Parsonage Land, containing in Front on *Beaufain-street* Sixty Feet, and in Depth Northwardly One Hundred and Eighty Feet, Six Inches, subject to a Ground-Rent of *Fifty-one Pounds* Currency, per Annum:—There is on the Premises a good *Bermuda* Stone House, with four good Rooms, and Fire-Places in each, a large Garden, and a Necessary-House, built of the same Kind of Stone, with a large Vault.—The said Place rents at *One Hundred* and *Thirty Pounds* per Annum.

JACOB WARLEY, SADLER, in *King-street.*

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*Charles-Town, July 15th*, 1773.

THE Subscriber having advertised in all the GAZETTES for some Time past, his Intention of leaving the Province for a few Months, and desired all Persons indebted to him to pay off their respective Debts by the 15th of *March* last, and no Regard being paid to such Advertisement, he is now fully determined to put every Bond, Note, and Account, that is not settled to his Satisfaction by the 20th Day of *September* next, into the Hands of an Attorney at Law, to be sued for without further Notice.

EDWARD BLAKE.

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CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 1, 1773.

*AGREEABLE to the Directions of an Act of the General Assembly of this Province, intituled,* "An "ACT, to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD:"

I HAVE enquired the Price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* Colonies, to be at SIX POUNDS and FIFTEEN SHILLINGS per Hundred lb. Weight, and *Carolina* Flour at FOUR POUNDS and FIFTEEN SHILLINGS (being both used by the Bakers); at which Price the HALF CROWN Loaves must weigh as follows:

| Of NORTHWARD Flour. | lb. | oz. | dr. | Of CAROLINA Flour. | lb. | oz. | d. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| WHITE, | 1 | 10 | 8 | WHITE, | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| WHEATEN, | 2 | 7 | 12 | WHEATEN, | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| HOUSHOLD, | 3 | 5 | 0 | HOUSHOLD, | 4 | 4 | 0 |

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due Notice.

GEORGE SHEED, *Commissary-General.*

# Supplement to the South-Carolina GAZETTE.

[NUMB. 1964.] MONDAY, AUGUST 9, 1773.

*CHARLES-TOWN:* Printed by *T. POWELL* & Co. at the Printing-Office near the EXCHANGE.


*To be SOLD,*

On *Wedneſday* the 11th of *Auguſt* Inſtant,

A CARGO OF TWO HUNDRED *YOUNG & HEALTHY* SLAVES,

Arrived this Day in the Barque JASON, GEORGE MERRICK, Maſter, directly from ANGOLA.

MILES BREWTON.

*Charles-Town, Auguſt 1ſt, 1773.*

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THE Subſcriber being under the Neceſſity of declining his Buſineſs, takes this Opportunity of returning his moſt grateful Thanks for the Favours ſhewn him; and a Continuance of their Cuſtom to the Houſe (which is now fitted with every Neceſſary for the Buſineſs) will add to the Favours already received, by their moſt obedient Servant,

JOHN TUKE.

*N. B.* Any Gentleman in Want of any Buſineſs done in the Mercantile Way, or any other, where Accounts, Writing, &c. is neceſſary, may, by applying at the old and noted TAVERN, hear of a Perſon who has been regularly bred to Buſineſs, and acquainted with moſt out of *England*.

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The SUBSCRIBER

*Acquaints the PUBLIC in general,*

THAT he has removed to the BUNCH OF GRAPES TAVERN, on the Bay, late in the Occupation of Mr. JOHN TUKE, and having ſupplied himſelf with a good Stock of the beſt Liquors now to be had in this Province, as well as with every other Neceſſary, fit for the Reception of both Strangers and Gentlemen of the Town, which, together with his Aſſiduity and Regularity in conducting the Buſineſs, he hopes to give general Satisfaction to thoſe who may be pleaſed to frequent the ſaid Tavern; and flatters himſelf, that the Public will always find him,

Their moſt faithful and obedient Servant to command,

EUGENE BRENAN.

*N. B.* He keeps an ORDINARY every Day, and has a BILLIARD TABLE to diſpoſe of.

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*FRANCES SWALLOW*

Has lately imported for SALE, in Captain BALL, from LONDON,

A Complete Aſſortment of Gold and Silver Tambour Thread, with Purl and Spangles, and Silk Twiſt for Embroidery.

Tambour Work for Ladies & Gentlemen,

Done in the beſt and neateſt Manner,

By SARAH PURSE (at Mrs. *Swallow*'s)

Who will teach Ladies at their own Houſes.

---

THOMAS HARPER,

JEWELLER and GOLDSMITH,

*At his Shop in* Broad-Street, *near the* EXCHANGE,

HAS JUST RECEIVED,

*By the* PALLAS, *Capt.* TURNER, *and the* CAROLINA, *Capt.* BESNARD, *from* LONDON,

The following ARTICLES, *viz.*

CHASED Silver Coffee Pots; Dreſs Swords; Mourning Ditto; white handled Cutteaux, with Chains, and a Variety of Swivel Belts; Gold and Silver Hat Bands, with Buttons and Loops; *Morocco* Pocket-Books; Concave and Burning Glaſſes; Silver and Steel Spectacles; Glaziers Diamonds; Paſte Bows and Falls; Ditto Ear-Rings and Pins; Coque de Pearl and Marcaſite Ditto; *Venetian* Beads and Foil Stone Ditto.—Very neat Paſte Stay-Hooks; plain Gold and Garnet Ear-Rings; Maſons Jewels and Medals; Gold and Garnet Lockets; Marcaſite Ditto; Gold and Silver Seals; a few neat Diamond Rings; Cornelian Hoop and Fancy Ditto; Moco and Stone Buttons, in Gold and Silver; plated Buckles and Spurs; Cruet Frames, with Silver Tops; Fencing Foils; Silver and Ivory handled Knives and Forks, in Mahogany and Shagreen Caſes; Marooning Knives and Forks; Gold and Silver Watches; together with a complete Aſſortment of STONE SHOE and KNEE BUCKLES, which being well laid in, will enable him to ſell them conſiderably CHEAPER than they uſually are ſold here.

*N. B.* The utmoſt Value will be given for old Gold, Silver, and Jewels.

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Notice is hereby given,

TO any of His Majeſty's Officers or Soldiers, that may not be ſupplied with Lands, agreeable to His Majeſty's Royal Proclamation, that they may be informed of ſeveral ſmall, but valuable, Tracts of Land now vacant, by a Perſon who has followed the ſurveying-Buſineſs for many Years paſt; and who will undertake the Surveying of ſuch Warrants as may be left with him, on *moderate Terms*, for Diſcovery of the Lands.

Any Perſon wanting ſuch, by leaving a Letter at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the *Exchange*, ſhall be waited on.

---

To be SOLD,

A fine young She BEAR,

Very good tempered—about nine Months old.

Enquire at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange.

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## The Delaware Lottery,

For raiſing the Sum of Five Thouſand Six Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds (or 15 000 Dollars) for the Uſe of the

COLLEGE of NEW-JERSEY,

THE

Preſbyterian Congregation at *Prince-Town*,

AND THE

United Preſbyterian Congregations

OF

NEWCASTLE and CHRISTIANA-BRIDGE.

*The* SCHEME.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 Prize of | - | 6000 Dollars, | - | is | 6000 Dollars, |
| 2 | - - | 2000 | - - - | are | 4000 |
| 4 | - - | 1000 | - - - | are | 4000 |
| 10 | - - | 500 | - - - | are | 5000 |
| 20 | - - | 200 | - - - | are | 4000 |
| 30 | - - | 100 | - - - | are | 3000 |
| 60 | - - | 50 | - - - | are | 3000 |
| 6960 | - - | 10 | - - - | are | 69600 |
| 7087 Prizes. | First Ticket drawn, for the firſt twelve Days, | | | 100 | 1200 |
| 12913 Blanks. | Laſt drawn, | - - | - | | 200 |
| | *N. B.* Theſe are not included in the Prizes numbered. | | | | |
| 20,000 Tickets, at *Five Dollars* each, are | | | | | 100,000 Dollars, |

Not two BLANKS to a PRIZE.

THE growing Importance of the College of NEW-JERSEY, (for the Uſe of which the above Lottery is principally deſigned) is now generally known through every Province of America. It has hitherto ſubſiſted, and been raiſed to its preſent Situation, entirely by the Favour of the Public. In the Centre of *North-America*, and in a pleaſant, healthy Country, it is well fitted for the moſt extenſive Uſefulneſs. The Succeſs which has attended the vigorous Efforts already made, to raiſe its Funds, and furniſh the Means of a complete and finiſhed Education, to all who are ſent to it, has encouraged thoſe concerned in the preſent Attempt; eſpecially as ſeveral very judicious Perſons have warmly recommended it, ſignifying their Surprize, that at a Time, when ſo many have taken this Method of promoting public Undertakings, a SEMINARY, of ſuch Importance, ſhould not alſo put in for a Share of the general Benevolence. This, added to the other Schemes for the Support and Improvement of the College, will afford ſo many Friends of that Inſtitution, an Opportunity of contributing with very little Riſk of loſing, and a conſiderable Chance of Gain to themſelves, who would not incline that the ſmall Sums they could ſpare, ſhould appear in a Subſcription Paper.

As a Number of Tickets are already engaged, and many Gentlemen of extenſive Acquaintance have intereſted themſelves in this Meaſure, the Drawing will commence the Firſt Week in *October* next, in the Town of *New-Caſtle on Delaware*, and a Liſt of the fortunate Numbers publiſhed, and ſent to the ſeveral Towns and Places where the Tickets may be ſold. The Prizes, after deducting Fifteen per Cent. for the Purpoſes of the Lottery, will be paid by the Gentlemen of whom they were purchaſed.

Orders for Tickets will be complied with, by applying to Richard Stockton, Jonathan Serjeant, Eſqrs. or Mr. Enos Kelſo, at *Prince-Town*; to William P. Smith, William Livingſton, or Robert Ogden, Eſqrs. at *Elizabeth-Town*, New-Jerſey; to Meſſrs. Broom and Co. at *New-York*; George Bryan, and Joſeph Read, Eſquires; Doctors William Shippen, John Redman, or Robert Harris, Meſſrs. Andrew Hodge, Gunning Bedford, William Henry, John Bayard, Iſaac Snowden, Jonathan B. Smith, William Semple, Robert Paiſley, or William and Thomas Bradford, of *Philadelphia*; Mr. David Walker, in *New-Port*, on Potowmack, Maryland; Mr. Archibald M'Call, in *Tappahannock*; Mr. John Talliaferro, in *Frederickſburg*; and Mr. William Holt, *Williamſburgh*, Virginia; or to the following Gentlemen, *viz.* George Monro, David Finney, John Thomſon, and Nicholas Vandyke, Eſqrs; Meſſrs. Samuel Paterſon, and David Clarke, in *New-Caſtle*, who are appointed Managers of ſaid Lottery, and will be on Oath, for the faithful Diſcharge of the Truſt, repoſed in them.

*** Letters directed to Meſſrs. *William & Thomas Bradford*, in *Philadelphia*, and left with T. POWELL, at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange, will be ſafely forwarded, and anſwered by the firſt Opportunity that offers after the Receipt of them.

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To be SOLD, by Auction,

On *Wedneſday* the 11th of *Auguſt*,

At the *Houſe of Mr.* George Thomſon, in Tradd-Street, Preciſely at TEN o'Clock in the Forenoon,

ALL and ſingular his Houſhold and Kitchen FURNITURE;—together with Seven valuable HOUSE NEGROES.—The Purchaſers of the Negroes may have Credit 'till the *Firſt* of *January* next, paying Intereſt, and giving Security, if required.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

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*To be SOLD, for no Fault,*

Three valuable young Negroes, *viz.*

A very good Mower and Oarſman;—one good Field Negro, about Nineteen Years of Age, very handy and clever:—The other is a ſmart, ſenſible Waiting-Boy, about Fourteen Years old, and knows how to take Care of Horſes.—If more agreeable to the Purchaſers, Twelve Months Credit will be given, on good Security and Intereſt.—Enquire at the PRINTING-OFFICE on the BAY, near the EXCHANGE.

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STRAYED into the Plantation of Mr. JAMES WITTER, ſen. on *John's-Iſland*, a bright bay GELDING, about Twelve Hands and an Half high, Four Years old, neither docked or branded.—Whoever owns the ſaid Stray, muſt prove the Property before

*July 26, 1773.* WILLIAM BOONE.

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*From a late* LONDON PAPER.

THE ſecurity of the Engliſh nation, already ſinking under the corruption of its ſervants, has long called aloud for the ſevereſt animadverſion of notorious delinquents. The Parliament of Great-Britain, according to its preſent mode of occupancy, ſeems to exclude every idea of public juſtice upon thoſe great offenders; but, we truſt, the time will come, when the people of this country ſhall have a more amiable repreſentation, when their rights and privileges will be ſupported with firmneſs and ſucceſs, when every perfidious villain ſhall be dragged to execution, and the King be no longer deluded by the treachery of thoſe Miniſters that ſurround him. The public attention was ſome time ſince commanded, by a proceeding of the Houſe of Commons againſt men, who have done all the miſchief it was poſſible for them to do, where they had not the finances or liberties of a great nation to diſpoſe of. The courſe of a gentle retribution, we thought, had now begun; Parliament appeared determined that they ſhould participate, in ſome meaſure, of that puniſhment which they had deſervedly merited: but it was not a puniſhment fully adequate to the enormity of their vices. What would it ſignify to the reputation of England, that theſe abandoned wretches are to refund a part of their extorted treaſure? Some method, more terrible and inſtructive, ſhould be purſued. *To be fixed upon the pinnacle of Temple-Bar* is to great an honour, and reſerved for more formidable cauſes. Tyburn, or the rack, is a more proper poſition. The Spaniards, with all their ſuperſtitions, wanton cruelty, violence, and rapine, were not more barbarous in Mexico, than theſe monſters have been ſavage in the Eaſt; even Clive could do no more.

The Eaſt-India Company, we all know, were eſtabliſhed ſolely for the purpoſes of commerce. The natives of that country were brought to ſuppoſe, that a mutual intercourſe ſubſiſting between diſtant empires and their own, would be highly advantageous to every party concerned. They were willing to exchange their own commodities, at a low price, for ſuch articles of European merchandize as beſt ſuited their demands. They received the ſubjects of Great-Britain into the territories of India, and there treated them with hoſpitality and affection; their houſes were open to them, their tables were ſpread for them, and the labour and ſervice of every individual were then at their devotion. What return did they make to this uncommon kindneſs and benevolence? They have deprived thoſe very people of their rightful property, under the falſe pretence of traffic and ſecurity; they have trampled inhumanly upon the important rights of mankind; they have raiſed famines by deſign, and murdered millions in the conſequence; they have extorted from the wretched weaver the little pittance he had, while himſelf, his wife, and his children, were already groaning under the agonies of poverty: Such enormities as theſe are, call for the vengeance of a juſt and angry God.

The proſtituted advocates of *this* man ſeem to rely moſtly, in their defence, upon the melancholy ſcene which happened at Calcutta. They repreſent *Souja ul Doula* in the blackeſt colours. I flatly deny the iniquitous accuſation. It is a ſtrong preſumption how miſerably they are pinched, when we ſee them compelled to the ſtale refuge of falſhood and calumny, to ſupport their argument. But let me grant theſe hirelings whatever they require; will the misfortune at Calcutta, where at beſt the Nabob only can be condemned, extenuate their barbarity and extortions, precedent and ſubſequent to that calamitous event? Did they not know, that the inhabitants of the country were innocent of the charge? that if they did act, they acted by the compulſion of a ſuperior? I am aſtoniſhed at the impudence of men, who dare advance to the public a propoſition ſo villainous and abſurd.—Even Mr. Wedderburne, though he has a moderate degree of North country aſſurance, had not effrontery enough to advance it directly, and make it the foundation of his argument, to the Houſe of Commons.

The ſerious attention of Parliament was diverted, from other buſineſs, to an important procedure of Soliciter Wedderburne, That *honeſt* Scotchman has been endeavouring to procure an Act of the Legiſlature, by which every charitable donation in in the kingdom will be completely veſted in the mercy of the Crown, and each ſucceſſive Adminiſtration. To ſay that they will not make a bad uſe of it, is idle talking, from a want of knowledge and inexpeſience; yet one would have thought, that the deportment of the preſent Miniſtry might have taught this Scotchman, that there is no enormity, in the whole catalogue of vices, that may not be perpetrated with impunity, in the preſent pious reign. But it is the ſettled purpoſe of theſe Scotchmen, to make the power of the King as arbitrary as poſſible, and to commit all the wickedneſs their hearts are capable of, before the great day of atonement ſhall come to paſs. The bill originates with a Scotchman, and muſt therefore, beſides the evident tendency of the meaſure, be a ſufficient recommendation to his Majeſty's Privy Counſellors, who ought to adviſe him upon every tranſaction of importance. But, alas! they are no more, in reality, than a brood of chickens; the King clucks to them, and the Treaſury feeds them.

The public are entertained with the proſpect of a trial for *ſcandalum magnatum*. Another experiment is to be made upon the liberties of England. I have not a doubt, that the proſecution proceeds from the unſpotted breaſt of Lord Mansfield; we know, that it has been the uniform purpoſe of his life to deſtroy the privilege of the preſs; and we know that Lord Sandwich is mean and baſe enough to ſubmit to any propoſal of the Chief Juſtice. Does he expect that the inhabitants of England have degenerated into fools? Do they not know that the liberties of their country depend eſſentially upon the liberty of the preſs? The moment we are reſtricted from an open communication, that moment we ſhall ceaſe to be a free people.—I hope every juryman of character will preſerve this ineſtimable bleſſing to his country, which he has received from his anceſtors, and ſhould tranſmit undiminiſhed to his lateſt poſterity.

I now conſider this country in the laſt act of deſperation. Could we entirely aboliſh the Eaſt-India Company, it might give a momentary reſpite to the dying patient; but nothing, but a convulſion of the whole empire will re-eſtabliſh the invaluable conſtitution upon its former baſis. The King purſues, with unremitting vigour, the damnable ſyſtem of his Scotch Miniſters. Lord North is no more than a Scotch regulated Machine, where the pendulum vibrates to the pleaſure of the regulator. The Duke of Grafton, as thoroughly proſtituted as his maſter can require, for the Privy Seal. Lord Sandwich, no more qualified to be at the head of the Admiralty, than he is amiable in his principles. Lord Barrington too ſub-

liceptible to be ſpoke of, though at the head of the War-Office. Lord Gower more ignorant in his Presidency, if poſſible, than he is profligate in his conduct. The Lord High Chancellor A—— a perfect old woman; and Chief Juſtice Mansfield, a bitter enemy to the LIBERTIES OF ENGLAND.

MARCUS BRUTUS.

## ESSAY on DREAMS.

NOTHING is more common, and nothing, perhaps, more abſurd, than the ſuperſtitious regard which many people pay to dreams. If we examine the cauſe of this, we ſhall find it owing in a great meaſure, to their ignorance of the true nature of this phænomenon. If we ſhould allow our thoughts, when awake, to come and go as fancy pleaſed to preſent or remove them, without interpoſing either reaſon or memory to keep them regular, we ſhould find their very odd thoughts would ariſe in us. No wonder, then, that in ſleep our imaginations are ſo irregular; for in ſleep ſometimes our memory, and ſometimes our reaſon, and ſometimes both, ſeem to be altogether extinguiſhed. Our knowledge of the laws of nature learns us, when awake, to anticipate future events with conſiderable certainty. If we ſee a man waſting his ſubſtance in debauchery, we may prophecy, without any inſpiration, that he ſhall ſoon come to poverty and contempt. But in ſleep, together with our memory, we often loſe all knowledge of the laws of nature, and therefore an inſtance of ſuch foreſight in dreaming muſt be exceedingly rare; but if once or twice in our life we ſhould in this manner foreſee a future event, there would be nothing in it more ſupernatural or prophetical, than in an inſtance of waking foreſight, only the former being more uncommon would be more obſerved, eſpecially conſidering that in ſleep, as well as in darkneſs, there is ſomething awful and myſterious.

Our dreams are much influenced by our bodily habit; when our ſtomach is overcharged with food, or our blood overheated, our dreams are wilder and more frightful than at other times. This is a plain proof that our dreams are not cauſed by the agency of inviſible Beings, as ſome have imagined. For how is it poſſible that ſuch beings could be influenced by our bodily habit? And is it not abſurd in the higheſt degree and even impious to ſuppoſe that the Supreme Being would commiſſion inviſible agents to ſuggeſt to us ſuch inſignificant trifles as our dreams are generally made up of? We hear, indeed, that in antient times, dreams were prophetical, and men were, ſometimes, for wiſe purpoſes, endued by God with the gift of prophecy. But ſurely it cannot follow from this, that in modern times every man, or even any man, is a prophet; and every dream, or even any dream, is a prophetical viſion.

The Supreme being, for the moſt benevolent purpoſes, has concealed from us the knowledge of futurity.

To endeavour, therefore, to pry into future events, muſt be both vain and impious: vain, becauſe we cannot fruſtrate the purpoſes of God; and impious, becauſe all attempts to diſcover what he has been pleaſed to conceal, proceed from a ſecret diſſatisfaction with that meaſure of capacity, which he has thought proper to confer upon us.

---

## To be SOLD by public Auction,

*At the uſual Place in* CHARLES-TOWN,

On *Thurſday* the 12th of *Auguſt* Inſtant,

## Five convenient Tenements,

Situated in UNION-STREET and CHALMERS's-ALLEY.—They will be put up together or in Lots, as may beſt ſuit the Bidders.—Two or Three Years Credit will be given for Two-Thirds of the Purchaſe-Money, on good Security and Intereſt, the other Third to be paid on the Delivery of the Titles, which are unqueſtionable, and may be ſeen in the Hands of

THOMAS POWELL.

N. B. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe all or either of the above Tenements, before the Day of Sale, may apply as above.

---

## Brailsford & Muncreef,

HAVE removed their 'Compting-Houſe to the Upper Part of Mr. *William Daugbty's* Houſe, on the BAY; where all Demands againſt them, are deſired to be ſent for Payment.

☞ As there is a Neceſſity for having their Concerns adjuſted as ſoon as poſſible, it is hoped thoſe indebted to them, will immediately ſettle; they being determined to put every Accompt, Note, &c. unpaid the 20th of *October* next, into the Hands of an Attorney, to be recovered without further Notice. *July* 28th, 1773.

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## ATKINS & WESTON

*HAVE JUST IMPORTED,*

A LARGE QUANTITY

OF

White and coloured Negro-Cloth,

AND

DUFFIL BLANKETS:

*ALSO,*

A Quantity of Eaſt Coker Sail-Cloth,

And a few Pair of Smiths Bellows, ſorted Sizes.

*** To obtain the above Articles on the beſt Terms, no Pains have been ſpared; and they will be ſold as cheap as can be afforded by any Houſe in this Province.

---

## A few neat Riding-Chairs & Chaiſes,

With a Variety of other Articles,

*Juſt imported in the* ST. HELENA, *Capt.* GEORGE ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,

*To be SOLD,*

By LEGER & GREENWOOD.

---

## *WANTED, immediately,*

A ſingle MAN, as an OVERSEER,

That can be well recommended for his Honeſty, Sobriety and Induſtry:——Such a One (and no other) may apply at the Printing-Office on the BAY, near the EXCHANGE.

---

*Colleton County, July* 22, 1775.

BROUGHT before me to be adverti ſed, by Mr. MOSES WILSON, a brown bay paring GELDING, fourteen Hands high, one hind Foot white, about ten Years old, branded on the off Shoulder DO. The Owner muſt apply and prove the Property within ſix Months, before

JOSEPH GLOVER, J. P.

---

## GEORGE MULLINS,

*Begs Leave to inform the Public in general, and his Friends in particular,*

That he has juſt opened STORE,

*Directly oppoſite to Meſſrs.* Manſell & Corbett's,

In TRADD-STREET;

Where he intends keeping a very regular Supply of the following ARTICLES, *viz.*

Old Jamaica, Weſt-India, and Northward

RUM;

London, New-York, & Carolina Madera

WINE, *&c.*

*LIKEWISE,*

BEST Port and Claret; Brandy, Gin, Cherry-Bounce, Arrack;
Cyder, Perry, Porter in Barrels and Bottles, with all other Sorts of Beer;
Molaſſes, Vinegar, &c. &c.
Cheſhire, Glouceſterſhire, and Northward Cheeſe;
Chocolate and Coffee;
Bohea, Green and Hyſon Tea;
Loaf and brown Sugars of all Qualities;
Soap, Candles, Oils, Pickles, Sweetmeats, &c.
Limes, Saltpetre, coarſe and fine Salt;
Long and ſhort Pipes;
Oronoko, Pigtail and Leaf Tobacco;
Northward and Carolina Flour;
Hair Powder, ſcented & plain;
Starch, Fig, and Powder Blue;
Spices of all Sorts;
Raiſins, Currants, Pruens, and dryed Figs;
Water and Milk Biſcuits, in Kegs;
Ship Biſcuit and Pilot Ditto, in Barrels;
Hams, Tongues, ſmoaked Beef, &c.
Orange and Lime Juice;
With ſeveral other Articles, too numerous to inſert.

*Alſo,* A ſmall Aſſortment of coarſe Dry Goods.

All which he will ſell on as LOW Terms for CASH, or Three Months Credit, as any Store in this Province.——Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him, may depend on being ſerved in the moſt honourable Manner, and their Favours moſt gratefully acknowledged.

*N. B.* He will ſell any of the above in any ſmall Quantity that may beſt ſuit the Purchaſers.

---

## JOHN BENFIELD,

*At his Store in* Elliott-Street, *oppoſite* Gadſden's Alley,

*HAS FOR SALE,*

*At the very loweſt Prices, for* CASH *or ſhort Credit,*

Jamaica, Windward-Iſland, & Northward Rum,

WHOLESALE or RETALE;

Madera, Port, Vidonia, and other Wines,

By the Pipe, Quarter Caſk, Dozen, Gallon, or ſmaller Quantities.

Brandy, Cherry-Bounce, Vinegar,

And ſundry other LIQUORS.

Raiſins, Currants, Loaf & Muſcovado Sugars,

Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, and almoſt every other Article that is ſold by the Grocers in *England.*

Myrtle Wax & Tallow Mould & dipt Candles;

Soap, Salt, *&c. &c. &c.*

*The above he will warrant to be as good in Quality as any in Town, therefore hopes the Continuance of his Friends Favours.*

*N. B.* He has rented a Store in St. *Michael's-Alley,* formerly occupied by JOHN HUME, Eſq; and lately by Mr. WILLIAM LAURENCE, which has always been uſed (and is eſteemed as well calculated) for the WINE BUSINESS as any in Town; where he propoſes keeping a large Supply of WINES, *&c.* Any Orders left at the Store in ELLIOTT-STREET, for that and the other Articles in which he deals, will be punctually complied with, and gratefully acknowledged.

A Half Cheſt of extraordinary fine Green TEA, juſt opened, and to be ſold for 30*ſ.* per Pound, *Caſh.*

---

## *BOOTH,* Coach-Painter,

RETURNS his moſt grateful Acknowledgments to the Public in general, for the Favours he has received in that Branch, but not finding ſufficient Employment in it, he intends, for the future, to carry on the Buſineſs of

House-Painting, in Town and Country;

And, as he was Firſt bred to that Buſineſs, hopes he will be able to give entire Satisfaction to thoſe who ſhall be pleaſed to employ him, as he will not truſt to Negroes (which is too common) to perform the finiſhing Part of the Buſineſs that he may be favoured with the Execution of.

*N. B.* Two ſmart Negro Boys are wanted as Apprentices.

---

## *JOHN VINYARD,*

Leather-Dreſſer, Breeches Maker, & Glover,

*At his Shop in* TRADD-STREET,

MAKES Breeches of two or three different Colours, which ſuit extremely well for Common Wear or for Waiting-Boys, alſo Gloves of the beſt Kinds.—He likewiſe makes Boot-Straps that will not ſtain the Breeches, which thoſe that are made of tanned Leather will frequently do, and others to wear underneath the Breeches—Merchants and others may have Skins dreſſed for Exportation, after the Indian Manner, on very reaſonable Terms.

He returns his ſincere Thanks to thoſe Gentlemen, &c. who have already been pleaſed to favour him with their Cuſtom, and hopes, that his Punctuality in executing their Orders, the Neatneſs of his Work, and the Reaſonableneſs of his Charges, will entitle him to their future Favours.

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## This is to give Notice,

TO all Perſons indebted to Meſſrs. CARNE & WILSON, on Bond, Note or Accompt, to make immediate Payment, to the Subſcriber, otherwiſe they may expect to be ſued without further Notice.

*July* 22, 1773. JOHN REMINGTON, jun.

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*To be SOLD,* CHEAP,

A New CHAISE,

Made light for travelling, very ſtrong and neat:

*Alſo,* Three CHAIR-HORSES.

Enquire at the Printing-Office on the BAY, near the *Exchange.*

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## JUST IMPORTED,

*In the* CAROLINA, *Capt.* BERNARD,

A freſh Supply of Goods,

*AMONG WHICH ARE,*

A Variety of printed Linens, and Calicoes, quite new Patterns, a few Pieces of printed Jackonet Muſlins; a large Aſſortment of Diapers and Damaſks, with ſeveral complete Table Suits of each, ſome of which are very fine and very large;

*WHICH,*

With a LARGE CARGO,

*Lately received by the* Heart-of-Oak,

Will be SOLD at our uſual low PRICES, eſpecially for READY MONEY, and in a Quantity to SELL again.

*Hawkins, Petrie, & Co.*

Who have a Quantity of low priced Oſnabrugs, very cheap, by the Bale or Piece; and beſt Silk Umbralloes, varniſhed and unvarniſhed.

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## *BOWEN's Patent SAGO,*

So much and generally eſteemed in the ROYAL NAVY and the AFRICAN TRADE,

is an Antiſcorbutic, and the only Cure for the Flux,

*Sold by* Z. KINGSLEY,

*At his Store in* BEDON's-ALLEY.

ITS Uſes are ſo well known, as to need no Recommendation, being approved of by the Royal Society, the Royal College of Phyſicians, and the Society for the Encouragement of Arts, Manufactures, and Commerce.——Its good Effects are likewiſe vouched by Captain COOKE, of His Majeſty's Ship *Endeavour,* Mr. BANKES and Dr. SOLANDER, during their Voyage round the World in the ſame Ship, as appears by their Report ſince their Return.

*Likewiſe, To be SOLD at the ſame Place,*

BOWEN's Patent SOY.

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## BUSH & ELLIOTT,

*HAVE IMPORTED,*

*In the* ST. HELENA, *Captain* ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,

Part of their Negro-Cloth & Duffils;

*ALSO,*

4, 5, 6, 8, 10, and 20*d.* NAILS,

CLOUT and Spike Ditto of all Sizes; Cart Boxes, Iron Wedges, Ox Chains and Frying Pans.—A large Aſſortment of Glaſs, Stone, and Queen's Ware; Eaſt-Coker Canvas of the beſt Quality; Saddles and Bridles; Portmanteaux, and Mailpillions; White Lead, *Spaniſh* Brown ground in Oil, Red Lead, and Yellow Oker; Loaf Sugar; long and ſhort Pipes; Beer, Perry, and Cyder.—Empty Bottles; Boxes of Glaſs, 12 by 10, and 10 by 8; *Dutch* and *Engliſh* Shoe Thread, Sail-Twine, Bed-Cords, and Fiſhing Lines; Grind and Quern Stones, and Iron Potts.

Which, with their GOODS on Hand, lately imported by the Captains COOMBES and WHITE, they will diſpoſe of on very reaſonable Terms, at their Store in *Broad-Street,* next to Meſſrs. ANCRUMS & CHIFFELLE's.

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SOUTH-CAROLINA.

CHARLES-TOWN, *July* 24th, 1773.

*Purſuant to a Decree of the Honourable the Court of Chancery, in this Province,*

Will be SOLD, to the higheſt Bidder, for *Ready Money,* Before the MASTER of the ſaid Court, at his Houſe in TRADD-STREET,

On *Thurſday* the 26th of *Auguſt* next,

*At* Twelve *o'Clock at Noon,*

ALL that valuable Plantation or Tract of LAND, ſituate lying and being in *Granville* County; containing 1292 Acres, butting and bounding North-eaſtwardly on Land of Col. *Heyward*; South-eaſtwardly on *Harriſon's* Land; and on all other Sides on Lands unknown.

Alſo, all that other Plantation or Tract of Land, ſituate in *Granville* County aforeſaid, on the Head of *Hazard's* back Creek; containing 1525 Acres, butting and bounding to the Northward on ſaid Creek; North-weſtward on Land late of *Paul Jerys,* Eſq; deceaſed; South-weſtward and South-eaſtward on Land of Col. *Daniel Heyward.*

The above Tracts of Land are Part of the Real Eſtate of the late *Andrew Broughton,* Eſq; deceaſed, and are eſteemed equal in Value to any of the Lands in that Part of the Country.——Plats of the above Tracts may be ſeen in the Hands of

WILLIAM BURROWS, *Maſter in Chancery.*

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On *Monday,* the 15th *Auguſt* next,

*Will be SOLD, for* CASH,

*At the Houſe where the late* ELIAS BONNEAU, *deceaſed, reſided,*

## Some Houſhold-Furniture;

A ſmall Parcel of CORN, and a complete Sett of Blackſmith's TOOLS.

THOMAS DEARINGTON, *Executor.*

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## To be SOLD,

A Houſe and Lot in *Tradd-Street,*

As an Annuity, for the Life of a very healthy Woman, aged about *Thirty* Years.——The Conditions of the Sale will be made known by EDWARD OATS, or

ABRAHAM ROULAIN,

Cabinet-Maker, in TRADD-STREET.

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CHARLES-TOWN, *July* 26, 1773.

THE Subſcriber hereby gives Notice, That on the 20th of *June* laſt, he was married to MARY SLIDER, ſince which Time the ſaid Mary has not acted in the Manner a prudent Wife ought to have done:—I therefore give Notice to all Perſons not to truſt, harbour, or entertain the ſaid *Mary,* from the Date hereof, for I am determined not to pay any Debts of her contracting; and thoſe who harbour or entertain her, will be proſecuted by her Huſband,

DANIEL FOOT.

## BRIAN CAPE,

*Has juſt imported in the Ship* Pallas, *Capt.* Turner, *from* LONDON,

A large Aſſortment of Dry Goods,

*Calculated for the preſent & approaching Seaſons,*

Which are now opening, and will be ſold on the LOWEST TERMS, at his Store on the *Bay*, near the *Exchange*;

Among this preſent IMPORTATION

*Are the following Articles*, viz.

A LARGE Quantity of *Iriſh* 4 4 and 7 8 Linens, from 7*s.* 6*d.* to 55*s.* per Yard; Ell and 9 8 wide Sheetings;—a Variety of fine printed Cambrick Handkerchiefs of the neweſt Faſhion;—a neat Aſſortment of red and white, blue and white Copper-plate printed Linens and Callicoes; purple and black and white Ditto;—a Variety of Patterns of neat coloured Linens; Callicoes; Chintzes; Humhums; Book-Muſlins; Book-Muſlin and Jackonet Handkerchiefs; Cambricks and Lawns; *China* and *Perſian* Taffeties; Chints Moreas; Ginghams; Cotton Romals; Ladies black Ruſſel and Callamanco Shoes, with *French* Heels; Loaf Sugar; Black Pepper; white Ditto; Raiſins of the Sun, in Jars; Currants; Cinamon, Cloves, and Mace; Salt-Petre; Citron; Almonds, in and out of the Shell; Harneſs, Plate, Cloaths, and Hat Bruſhes, &c.——Matraſſes; ſtriped Cotton Jackets, checked Shirts, Cloth Cloaks or Roqueloes;—fine Porter in Bottles and Barrels, ſome of which is brown ſtout; Nankeens;—a neat Aſſortment of STATIONARY.

A complete and neat Aſſortment of FAMILY MEDICINES, ſuch as Laudanum, Spirits of Lavendar, Lavendar Waters, Britiſh Oil, Diachylon, with and without the Gum; Cream of Tartar in Powder, Spirits of Hartſhorn, Salvolatile; Mellilot-Plaiſter; fine and common Manna;—Stoughton's Bitters, Turlington's Balſam of Life, and Beaume-de-Vie, from the original Warehouſe, warranted genuine; Godfrey's Cordial, Squire's Elixir, Ipecacuana Powder, Camphire, fineſt Magneſia, Hungary Water, Flour of Sulphur, Blue Stone, Nux-Vomita, Aloes, Antimony, Anderſon's Pills, Glauber and Epſom Salts:—Fine Oronoko and Rogers's beſt Tobacco, Weſton's beſt Snuff, plain Rappee and Straſburg Ditto.

Glazed Linen; white Bed Lace; Curtain Line; Taſſels; Shineels; Snail; Fringe; Patent Nett and Valencia Gauzes; Silk Lace Nett; black and white Thread, and Bruſſels Lace.

Spelling-Books, Primmers, Bibles, Prayer-Books and Teſtaments;—Boys and Mens Felt Hats; Dutch Caps; Boys and Mens faſhionable Caſtor and Beaver Hats; Childrens whimſey Ditto; Boys neat white Hats, with Gold Buttons and Loops; Ladies neat Riding-Hats; Mens neat white Beaver Hats;—all Sorts of PICKLES, and Sweet Oil.

A few Pieces of neat faſhionable Broad Cloths, for Summer Wear; German Serges; white Flannels; Swanſkins; blue and white ſtriped Flannels; emboſſed Serge; Scotch and Iriſh Oſnabrugs; Neſts of flat and Caravan Trunks:—A very large and elegant Aſſortment of CHINA WARE;—Bombazines; Luteſtrings; plain and flowered Perſian Carpets; neat oval and ſquare Looking-Glaſſes, ſome of which are very elegant, and fit to adorn the moſt genteel Rooms; neat Dreſſing-Glaſſes, &c.—Men and Womens Leather Gloves and Mitts of all Sorts; Womens Linen Gloves and Mitts, flowered; Burning-Glaſſes; beſt Temple Spectacles, in Fiſh ſkin Caſes; Fleams; Pocket Knives, with Fleams and Leather Ink Potts; Pen Knives, with 1, 2, and 4 Blades; Table Knives and Forks;—a large Variety of HOSIERY;—Gold and Silver ſpangled Buttons; Silver Thimbles; Fiddle-Strings; black Cravats; Barcelona Handkerchiefs; Sarſenet; Half an Ell wide black Mohair; brown Rolls; Heſſens; Dowlas; Garlix; Sileſias; Princes Linens; Bed-Ticks; Platilloes; Piſtol Lawns; Long Lawns; Diaper for Clouting; 3-4 Diaper; Diaper and Damaſk Table-Cloths; Yard and 6-4 wide checked Muſlins; white Callicoes; India Chintzes;—Bohea, Hyſon, and Souchong Tea; of the fineſt Quality;—japan Waiters and Bottle Stands, &c. &c.——Which, with his former Stock of Goods, lately imported, make a LARGE ASSORTMENT;—and he can aſſure his Friends, that he has taken the greateſt Pains to have his Goods well laid in, and therefore, hopes to ſupply them on ſuch Terms as will give them entire Satisfaction, as he will always take the greateſt Care in executing their Orders, and packing up the Goods.

All Orders, from good Men, will be moſt thankfully received and complied with, on the uſual Credit of *Twelve Months*:——Thoſe who chuſe to buy on *ſhorter Credit*, or for CASH, will have a ſuitable Abatement.

☞ He continues to ſupply his Cuſtomers with *Jamaica*, *Weſt-India*, and *Northward* RUM; *Vidonia* and *Madera* WINES; Muſcovado SUGAR; SALT, &c.

N. B. He expects his NEGRO CLOTH, with another large Supply of Goods, by the firſt Veſſel from BRISTOL.

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On *Wedneſday* the 18th of *Auguſt* next,

*Will be SOLD,*

For the Benefit of the CREDITORS of Mr. THOMAS PIKE,

## All his Eſtate and Effects,

CONSISTING OF

Houſhold Furniture, two valuable Negroes,

AND

## Two HORSES;

*Alſo*, The valuable LOT on which he now reſides, which is about 50 Feet Front and upwards, and 244 Feet deep, with all the Buildings thereon, viz. A convenient Tenement in Front, which letts for 200*l.* per Annum; a good and convenient Houſe, which may be lett for 500*l.* per Ann. and the ſpacious Building lately erected, which has an Aſſembly Room 40 Feet by 80, two Drawing Rooms, and a Kitchen of 40 Feet by 20, the lower Part of which would make very large and valuable Stores; this Building is ſubject to an Incumbrance of a Night, for the Subſcribers to uſe it once a Week, for Four Years to come. The Sale of the Furniture, &c. will begin at Nine o'Clock, and the Lot and Buildings at Twelve. The Conditions to be made known at the Time.

All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Mr. PIKE, are deſired to pay their reſpective Debts immediately, to Mr. JACOB VALK, who we have duly authoriſed to receive the ſame; to whom likewiſe all thoſe Mr. PIKE may be indebted to, are deſired to deliver in their Accounts.

ROBERT SMITH,
PHILIP HAWKINS, } *Aſſignees.*

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*Juſt imported from* VIRGINIA,

## Fine INDIAN-CORN,

*To be SOLD,*

By WILLIAM SOMERSALL.

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## *MANSELL & CORBETT*

Beg Leave to inform their Friends and Cuſtomers,

*That they have juſt arrived in the Ship* CAROLINA, *from* LONDON,

A large Quantity of White Plains,

*Of a very good Width and Quality,*

Which were bought on the BEST TERMS, and will be ſold very REASONABLY.

*Alſo*, A general Aſſortment of Dry Goods;

PARTICULARLY,

An Aſſortment of elegant faſhionable Silks—*Perſia* and *Scotch* Carpets and Carpeting;

And Women's Stuff Shoes, at 30*ſ.* per Pair.

They have a Fellow that has been uſed to work in the Field, and Saw a little, and a good Waiting-Man, to diſpoſe of.

*Alſo*, A Quantity of rough RICE, for SALE.

---

Exceeding fine Red PORT,

Dry and ſweet Sherry, Tent, Madera, Liſbon, and Carcavella WINES,

Warranted GENUINE,

*To be SOLD,*

*By* EDMUND HEAD.

Who has alſo a Quantity of beſt MAHOGANY in Logs, and LOGWOOD, to diſpoſe of.

---

London particular Madera WINE,

Of the Vintage 1771, and 1772.

London & Carolina Madera WINE,

BRISTOL BEER in Bottles,

AND A FEW

Firkins of very fine Iriſh ROSE BUTTER,

*To be SOLD,*

By GEORGE-ABBOTT HALL & Co.

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## NEGROES.

On FRIDAY, the 20th Day of *Auguſt*,

*At ELEVEN o'Clock preciſely,*

Will be SOLD by public Outcry,

*At the Houſe of* Alexander Gillon, *late* Beresford's, *on the* BAY,

*On* Twelve *Months Credit, paying Intereſt, with approved Security,*

THE HOUSE NEGROES belonging to the Eſtate of *Richard Beresford*, Eſquire, deceaſed, amongſt whom are two good Seamſtreſſes, a Man Cook, and a handy Waiting-Man.

ROBERT SMITH,
ALEXANDER GILLON, } *Executors.*

*ALSO,*

## FIFTEEN NEGROES,

*The Property of the Rev.* Charles Martyn;

Amongſt whom are, ſeveral handy Boys and Girls; an exceeding good Driver and Jobbing Carpenter, and a good Cook.

*Alſo*, A young NEGRO WOMAN,

Well known at *Ponpon*—the Property of Mrs. *Martha Evans.*

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An exceeding good SEAMSTRESS,

*Who alſo underſtands making of Paſtry, &c.—To be HIRED out by the Year.*

---

For SALE by private Contract,

*And may be entered upon immediately,*

The pleaſant ſituated and healthy Plantation,

At *Ackabee*, belonging to Mr. ISAAC MOTTE;

*ALSO,*

A very genteel, light, new Poſt-Chariot,

With Harneſs compleat. Apply to

WILLIAM MOULTRIE.
SAMPSON NEYLE.
JACOB MOTTE.

Who, at the particular Requeſt of Mr. ISAAC MOTTE, deſire all thoſe indebted to him, by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, to diſcharge the ſame immediately, as the above Attornies have Directions to cloſe his Affairs in the ſpeedieſt Manner, and hope all concerned will regard this LAST public Notice.

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For SALE, by private Contract,

Sundry large and valuable Lots of Land,

*In HARLESTON.*

The Situation of which is well known to be as pleaſant and airy as any in CHARLES-TOWN. Apply to

EDWARD HARLESTON,
JOHN HARLESTON,
ISAAC HARLESTON, or
THOMAS CORBETT.

---

To be LETT,

THE Plantation and Ferry on *Cooper-River*, not Six Miles from *Charles-Town*, commonly called SCOTT's FERRY.

BARNARD BEEKMAN.

---

A ſober, careful WOMAN,

Very capable of the Management of a Houſe, would be glad of a Place in any genteel Family.—Enquire at the PRINTING-OFFICE on the BAY, near the EXCHANGE.

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## JAMES WILSON,

At his Store and Wine Cellar on the Bay,

*HAS FOR SALE,*

London particular Madera WINE,

Six Years old—warranted Genuine.

London, New-York, & Carolina Madera,

Some FOUR Years old.

Red and white Port, Mountain, Sherry, Frontiniac } Wine. { Claret, Old Hock, and Liſbon,

Old Jamaica, Weſt India & Northward Rum;

Old Brandy—Gin in Caſes—Arrack;

And ſome excellent CHERRY BRANDY,

Made with the beſt Materials.

Caſk and Bottle London Porter;

Taunton Ale, Briſtol Beer, and beſt Herefordſhire Cyder—Liquers of the very beſt Kind—and a few Caſes of Pickles, fit for private Families—Engliſh white Wine Vinegar, in Caſks and Jugs—a few fine Double Glouceſter Cheeſe.—Genuine Straſburgh Snuff, at One Dollar per Pound.—Empty Quart Bottles—and one, two, three, and four Gallon Stone Jugs; which he will ſell either WHOLESALE or RETAIL, on the loweſt Terms.

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*Charles-Town, July* 23*d*, 1773.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF

## COOK & DOWNES

*BEING EXPIRED,*

THEY requeſt all Perſons indebted to them, for ſurveying of Land, &c. will make immediate Payment to Mr. GEORGE COOKE, in *Charles-Town*, to whom they have aſſigned over all their Books and Accounts.

---

## JACOB VALK,

*Hereby acquaints the PUBLIC in general, and his Friends in particular,*

THAT, at his *OFFICE*, Merchants and Tradeſmen may have their Books regulated, by the Month, Quarter, or Year; and, as often as needful, balanced and cloſed.

*Likewiſe*, Sets of Books opened properly, for Perſons newly commencing any Kind of Buſineſs, and ſuperintended with the utmoſt Care.——*Alſo*, Accounts relating to Partnerſhips, Planters, Executors, Adminiſtrators, Aſſignees, &c. completely ſcrutinized, and accurately adjuſted.

*And*, Perſons deſirous of ſettling their yearly Buſineſs expeditiouſly, by ſending their Books to him, may have it done; the different Accounts drawn out, and the Monies collected, or otherwiſe ſettled, in the moſt ſuitable Manner.

Lands, Houſes, and Negroes,

Bought and ſold at private Sale, upon the uſual Commiſſions. The Plats of the Lands (of which there is always a Variety at his Office) may be ſeen, and Terms of Sale made known, by applying to the Subſcriber:——Where, any Perſons deſirous to purchaſe Plantations or Lands in any Part of this Province, and in GEORGIA, may at at all Times, have an Opportunity of being accommodated.

Money borrowed and lent at Intereſt,

Without Expence to the LENDER, who will be entitled to Intereſt for his Money, from the Day he gives Notice to him, of having it to LET; and, ſuch as deſire it, may have their Intereſt applied for as it becomes due, without any Expence.

---

For SALE by private Contract,

Four valuable and ſeaſoned Negroes, viz.

One young FELLOW, a complete Waiting-Man, uſed to the Care and Management of Horſes, and can drive a Carriage.—Two young FELLOWS fit for the Field.—One complete HOUSE-WENCH, who is alſo a good ordinary Cook. For further Parther Particulars and Terms of Sale, enquire of

JACOB VALK.

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To be SOLD by public Outcry,

*On* TUESDAY, *the* 10*th of* Auguſt *next*,

*At the Vendue-Houſe in* CHARLES-TOWN,

THE HOUSE and LOT in *Colleton's* Square, *Ellery-Street*, belonging to JOHN-WILLIAMS LUCAS, containing in Front to the ſaid Street 42 Feet 2 Inches, and in Depth 75 Feet 3 Inches, lately divided into Two Tenements, with a Brick Kitchen to each Tenement, formerly uſed as a Dwelling-Houſe, having Two Stories, and Saſh Windows, now in good Repair; the Whole rented at 300*l.* per Annum, and now tenanted.

The Conditions of the Sale are Caſh, or if particularly deſired, Credit to the 1ſt of *January*, paying Intereſt, and giving approved Security, if required. JACOB VALK.

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## *Fifty Pounds Reward.*

RUN-AWAY from the Subſcriber,

*On* WEDNESDAY, *the* 28*th of* JULY,

An indented SERVANT,

(The Subſcriber's BAR-KEEPER)

Named RICHARD AALDER.

HE is a likely young Man, about Twenty-three Years of Age, five Feet five or ſix Inches high, thick Set, of a freſh Complexion, with fair Hair, tied, full grey Eyes, and is a little Bow-legged, a *Hollander* born, but ſpeaks pretty good *Engliſh*;—had on when he went away a Nankeen Coatee, Jacket and Breeches, white Stockings, and a Pair of Silver Buckles.——Whoever will deliver him to the Warden of the Work-Houſe, or to me in *Charles-Town*, at the *Three Legs of a Man* in *King-Street*, ſhall receive the above Reward, and all reaſonable Charges.

JOHN HATFIELD.

*N. B.* All Maſters of Veſſels and others, are hereby cautioned againſt carrying the ſaid Servant off the Province, or entertaining him, as they may depend on being proſecuted with all the Rigour the Law will allow of.

*** If he returns of his own Accord, he will be forgiven.

## A Conſignment of GOODS,

CONSISTNG OF

WHITE and green Plains, ſtriped Duffils, Flannels, *German* Serges, Broad Cloths, Whitneys, *Half* Coating, embolſed Serges, Hoes and Axes, Nails, Frying Pans, Saws; an Aſſortment of Ironmongery, Paints, Lead, Shot, Hatts, Calamancoes, Shalloons, Cloaks, Cardinals, Guns, Earthen and Tin Ware, Saddlery, Pins, Breeches Patterns, Shoes, Pipes, Cards, Sieves, Pewter, Glaſs Ware, and Iron Pots,—juſt received from *London*, and never yet expoſed for Sale, to be SOLD by the Package in Part, or the Whole, at *Coſt* and *Charges*, by

SHIRLEY & PRICE.

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## *RICHARD MORGAN*

Acquaints the PUBLIC in general,

THAT he now lives in the Houſe formerly the OLD GOAL, in *King-Street*, where he carries on the SHOE-MAKING Buſineſs in all its Branches, in the neateſt Manner, as it is now performed in *London*.—He begs Pardon of the Gentlemen, who have been pleaſed to favour him with their Cuſtom, for his long Delay in completing ſome of their Orders, and aſſures them, it proceeds from no other Cauſe but the Want of proper Journeymen—and, in order to prevent the like Diſappointment in future, he hereby offers to good Workmen in his Buſineſs, *Half a Crown* Currency more per Pair, than any Perſon of the Trade in this Province now gives.

*N. B.* Two or Three Apprentices are wanted immediately, for the above Buſineſs, who will meet with good Uſage.

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THE Creditors of the Eſtate of Mr. JOHN MARLEY, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend in atteſted Accompts; and thoſe indebted thereto, to make immediate Payment, to either of the Subſcribers, or Mr. GEORGE SHEED, in whoſe Hands the Books of Accompts are lodged.

GEORGE WOOD,
PETER BOQUET, jun.
DANIEL CANNON,
} *Executors.*

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THE Creditors of the Eſtate of RICHARD BERESFORD, Eſquire, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend in atteſted Accompts;—and thoſe indebted, particularly the Purchaſers at the ſeveral Vendues, who have not ſettled, to make immediate Payment, or ſettle to the Satisfaction of

ROBERT SMITH,
ALEXANDER GILLON,
} *Executors.*

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BEAUFORT, *July* 26, 1773.

ALL Perſons who have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of ELIZABETH BAYNARD, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend in their Accompts, properly atteſted;—and thoſe indebted thereto, are requeſted to diſcharge the ſame, to

MARY CUTHBERT, *Adminiſtratrix.*
JOHN BARNWELL, *Executor.*

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ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of the late WILLIAM CATTELL, ſenior, of St. *Andrew's* Pariſh, deceaſed, are requeſted to pay off their reſpective Bonds by the *Firſt* Day of *November* next, there being an abſolute Neceſſity for a Settlement of ſaid Eſtate.—From the long Indulgence already given, it is expected, that a due Attention will be paid to this Requeſt, as every Debt unpaid after that Day, will be put into the Hands of an Attorney to recover.

JOHN CATTELL, *Surviving Executor.*

*July* 30*th*, 1773.

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## *For SALE, by private Contract,*

*Purſuant to the laſt Will of Dr.* THOMAS CAW, *deceaſed,*

HIS valuable PLANTATION, on *Santee* River, adjoining Lands of Colonel *Horry*, Mr. *Pringle*, and Mr. *Dutargue*; containing One Thouſand and Seventy Acres:—Part of which is an Iſland of Seven Hundred and Thirty Acres of fine Rice Land, that does not require any Fencing, and of it about One Hundred and Fifty Acres are cleared; the Reſt of the Tract is good high Land, and the Whole ſo well known as not to need any further Deſcription. On the above Tract are, a good Dwelling-Houſe, a very large Barn, large Stores for Rice, very large and good Stables, an exceeding good Rice Machine, and a Grits Mill, with every other neceſſary Building.——Scooners that carry a Hundred and Fifty Barrels of Rice load cloſe to the Barn.

*Alſo*, Another Tract of LAND, on *Stephens's* Creek, a Branch of *Savannah* River, adjoining Lands of *John Murray*, Eſq; containing One Thouſand Acres, and is eſteemed as good as any Land in thoſe Parts.

For the Terms of Sale, apply to

ROBERT PHILP,
JOHN DEAS,
} *Executors.*

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## *STOLEN laſt Night,*

Out of the Subſcriber's Houſe at NEWMARKET,

### One full ſized Gold WATCH,

With a Gold Dial Plate, Maker's Name, WILLIAM DAVIES, *London*; the Outſide Caſe chaſed, repreſenting a Dog ſeizing a Fox that had taken a Gooſe.

*Alſo out of his Stable,*

### A ſmall dark Bay HORSE,

Branded on the mounting Shoulder and Buttock A F. with a brown Muzzle, and Switch Tail. Whoever delivers the ſaid Watch and Horſe to the Subſcriber, ſhall have THIRTY-FIVE POUNDS Currency, or FIFTY for the Thief, Watch, and Horſe. JAMES STRICKLAND.

*June* 23*d*, 1773.

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## *WANTED to HIRE,*

For a long Continuance if approved of, a

### *NEGRO-WOMAN,*

Who can Cook plain, and keep a ſmall Houſe clean.—She muſt be ſober, honeſt, and have no Huſband: If ſhe is elderly the better. None need apply that will not anſwer the above Deſcription. Enquire at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange.

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## *RUN AWAY the* 28*th of* June *laſt,*

### A tall ſtout NEGRO WOMAN,

Named SYLVIA, about 35 Years of Age, ſuppoſed to be harboured about *Cooſ-Chuch* Pariſh. Whoever delivers her to me in *Charles-Town*, ſhall have a Reward of TEN POUNDS.

ISAAC HUGER.

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## JOHN BROWN

HAS removed his Dye-Houſe next Door to Mr. JOHN HATFIELD's Tavern in *King-Street*, where he continues the SILK and WOOLLEN DYING BUSINESS, alſo Scouring of CLOATHS, having Conveniencies neceſſary for carrying on the ſame, and relies on his Friends and Cuſtomers for their future Favours.

N. B. He has engaged one of the beſt SILK DYERS in *Manchester*, who is expected to arrive here in the Firſt Ship from *Liverpool*.——As a Number of Cloaths have been left in the Dye-Houſe for a conſiderable Time, he requeſts the Owners of them either to call or ſend for the ſame.

☞ Three Guineas will be given for One Hundred Weight of Merchantable Crop MADDER.

*** An APPRENTICE is wanted, with whom a *Premium* will be expected.

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## JUST ARRIVED,

*In the* ST. HELENA, *Captain* ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,

### STRIP'D DUFFILS,

AND

### *White and coloured PLAINS,*

Of an exceeding good Quality,

To be SOLD remarkably CHEAP,

*At our Store in JACKSONBURGH,*

JOHN TUNNO & Comp.

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## MACKENZIE & TUNNO

*Have imported by Captain* ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,

Their ANNUAL SUPPLY

OF

### *White and coloured PLAINS;*

Which they will diſpoſe of on very reaſonable Terms,

At their COMPTING-HOUSE on the BAY.

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SOUTH-CAROLINA.

NINETY-SIX DISTRICT.

WHEREAS at a Court of *Common Pleas*, begun and holden at NINETY-SIX, on THURSDAY, *April* 15*th*, 1773,

JOHN SHIELDS,

Being duly ſummoned and returned to ſerve as a JUROR at the ſaid Court, made Default, and was noted for Non-Appearance:

### This is to give Notice,

That he will be fined in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS Proclamation Money of *America*, unleſs he ſhall make a good and ſufficient Excuſe, upon Oath, for his Non-Attendance, and tranſmit the ſame to the *Crown-Office* in *Charles-Town*, by the THIRD TUESDAY in *October* next.

JOHN CALDWELL, D. C. & P.

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## To be LET,

*And may be entered on the* 15*th of* September *next,*

The Houſe and Shop in *Meeting-Street*,

Lately occupied by Mr. JOHN LORD.—Enquire of

WILLIAM LOOCOCK, or
ARCHIBALD BROWN.

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## To be SOLD by private Contract,

### A HOUSE and LOT,

Pleaſantly ſituated in *Orange-Street*, containing Forty-two Feet in Front, and One Hundred Feet in Depth.

*Alſo*, That well-known Tract of Land, called *Ferguſon's Swamp*, ſituated in ST. JOHN's Pariſh, about Thirty-nine Miles from Town, and about Four from a Creek, which is now about being made navigable, for the conveying of Crops to *Stono* Landing, near *Monk's* Corner, containing four Hundred and Fifty Acres—about one Hundred and Eighty of which is good Swamp for Rice: The Remainder is good Oak and Hickory, fit for Corn and Indico.

*Alſo*, A Pine Tract, ſituated about eight or nine Miles from *Santee* River, joining Lands of *Peter Whitten*, and, being on the Cherokee Road, an excellent Public-Houſe might be eſtabliſhed on it.—It contains Eleven Hundred and Fifty Acres, very fit for Turpentine, Tar, and Pitch, and is good Proviſion Land.

*Alſo*, One Thouſand Acres of Land, on WACCAMAW, inferior to none in the Province, bounding on Lands of *George Lucas*, Eſq; and not four Miles from a Landing.—Two Hundred Acres of which is good Swamp, and fit for Rice. It abounds with good Sawing Pine and Cypreſs Timber, and has a great Quantity of Lightwood.——For further Particulars enquire of

BLAKE-LEAY WHITE.

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## To be SOLD,

### Fifteen ſeaſoned NEGROES,

Uſed to the Planting Buſineſs, which may be ſeen at any Time at the Subſcriber's Plantation on *Santee* Swamp, in ST. STEPHEN's Pariſh: They will be diſpoſed of reaſonably—but not to be taken away till the Firſt of *November*, or till the Crop is got in. For Particulars enquire of

BLAKE-LEAY WHITE.

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## To be LET,

A Very commodious HOUSE and Garden in *King-Street*, lately occupied by the Subſcriber. Apply to BLAKE-LEAY WHITE.

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CHARLES-TOWN, *July* 27, 1773.

THE Subſcriber, intending to leave the Province in a ſhort Time, gives Notice to all Perſons to whom he is indebted, to call at his Houſe, in *Unity-Alley*, and receive Payment;—and thoſe who are indebted to him, are deſired to make Payment. THOMAS NICHOLS.

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CHARLES-TOWN, *July* 27, 1773.

THE Subſcriber, intends to depart the Province in a ſhort Time, deſires all Perſons to whom he is indebted, to call and receive Payment;—and thoſe indebted to him, to diſcharge their reſpective Accompts. JAMES MARTIN.

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*SOUTH-CAROLINA.*

COUNCIL CHAMBER, MAY 30, 1773.

WHEREAS His Majeſty, by his Order in Council, dated at ST. JAMES's, the 7th Day of *April*, 1773, has been pleaſed to ſignify, That, having taken into his Royal Conſideration, the Juſtice and Expedience, of ſubjecting the Grantees of LANDS in his Colonies and Plantations in *America*, to other Conditions than thoſe at preſent preſcribed in the Inſtructions given to His Majeſty's Governors in the ſaid Plantations; and that the Authority for granting Lands, contained in the Commiſſions and Inſtructions given to his Majeſty's ſaid Governors, ſhould be further regulated and reſtrained: And, that he had therefore been pleaſed to order, That the Lords Commiſſioners for Trade and Plantations, ſhould take into their immediate Conſideration, the Powers and Authorities contained in the ſaid Commiſſions and Inſtructions, and repreſent unto His Majeſty ſuch Alterations as they ſhall think fit and neceſſary to be made therein. And, that it was his Royal Will and Pleaſure, that in the mean Time, and until His Majeſty's further Pleaſure ſhould be ſignified, that no Warrant of Survey for Land ſhould iſſue, nor any Patent for Land paſs, unleſs to ſuch Commiſſion or Non-Commiſſion Officers or Soldiers, as are intitled to Grants for Lands, by Virtue of His Majeſty's Royal Proclamation, dated the 7th Day of *October*, 1763: I do hereby give *Public Notice* thereof, to all whom it may concern.

*By Order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor,*

JAMES SIMPSON.

*Have juſt imported from* HOLLAND *and* ENGLAND,

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CHARLES-TOWN, *July* 24*th*, 1773.

WHEREAS the Landing and Weighing of Corn Blades and other Fodder in the LOWER MARKET is found to be extremely inconvenient, tending greatly to promote Filth and Dirt in the ſame, in order therefore to prevent a Continuance of ſuch Nuiſances, and that none may plead Ignorance hereof, we give this *public Notice*, hereby forbidding every Perſon from Landing in future, any Blades, Hay, Straw, or other Fodder at the ſaid Market.

JOHN POAUG.
THOMAS GRIMBALL.
THOMAS BUCKLE.
JOHN SCOTT.
EDWARD LIGHTWOOD.
} *Commiſſioners of the Markets & Work-Houſe.*

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CHARLES-TOWN, *July* 23*d*, 1773.

WHEREAS many People have received great Hurt, and have been in Danger of loſing their Lives, by Horſes in their Carriages taking Fright, at the Practice of beating Deer Skins in the Streets of *Charles-Town*, which being a Matter of the greateſt Conſequence, it is expected that all Perſons hereafter will be ſo *humane*, as to take ſome other Method of airing their Skins, particularly thoſe who have been ſpoke to on the Occaſion. There are many Perſons who feed their Horſes on the Foot Pavement of the Streets in *Charles-Town*, eſpecially at Night, which being very dangerous to People paſſing, it is alſo expected that Practice will be diſcontinued.

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## To be SOLD by private Contract,

ONE undivided Half of *Saludy* SAW-MILLS; alſo, the Negroes, Stock of Horſes, Cattle, and Hogs, with all the Appurtenances thereto belonging.—The ſaid Mills are well ſituated on the Forks of *Saludy* and *Bread* River. There is a good Grift-Mill adjoining the Saw-Mill, and on the other Side of the River is a complete Mill Seat, with Plenty of Water, where a Merchant Mill and Store may be erected to much Advantage.

*Alſo*, About Four Thouſand Acres of good Timber Land, all convenient to the above Mills, and a good Ferry over *Saludy* River. The ſaid Mills and Situation, are ſo well known, that they need no further Deſcription.——Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may be informed of further Particulars by applying at the Printing-Office on the Bay, near the Exchange.

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## *LOST, the* 17*th of* JULY, 1772,

*When the two KITCHENS were burned, adjoining my Houſe, in* CHURCH-STREET,

A Bundle of Papers, in which was a Marriage-Settlement, for which I was Truſtee. Whoever will deliver the ſaid Settlement to me, ſhall have a Reward of FIFTY POUNDS Currency, and no Queſtions aſked.

CHRISTOPHER ROGERS.

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## *STRAYED,*

*Out of the Subſcriber's Yard, in* Church-Street, *oppoſite to* Mrs. Parſons's, *on Saturday Afternoon, the* 10*th Inſtant,*

### A black MARE,

Thirteen Hands and an Half high, about five Years old; branded on the off Shoulder I, and on the off Buttock M B, and has one large Saddle Spot.——Whoever will deliver the ſaid Mare to me, in *Charles-Town*, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS Reward, and all reaſonable Charges.

CONRAD SHLAPFER.

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*I am informed of the following* STRAYS, *viz.*

A Dark MARE, Thirteen Hands and One Inch high, branded on the off Shoulder and Buttock 4M in one; with a Two-year old HORSE COLT, neither docked nor branded; and one Mouſe-coloured FILLY, a few Months old, with the ſaid Mare.

A black trotting GELDING, about Fourteen Hands high, with a Star in his Forehead, about Seven Years old; branded on the near Shoulder with two Stirrup-Irons, one acroſs the other, and HP in one; on the near Buttock with a Stirrup-Iron, and on the off Shoulder and Buttock with an Heart and a Flower-de-Luce turn'd Up-ſide down in the Middle.——Whoever owns the above Strays, muſt prove their Property before me, near the *Ridge*, *Ninety-Six* Diſtrict.

*July* 8, 1773. MOSES KIRKLAND, J. P.

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THOMAS BLACKMON informs me of a Cheſnut HORSE, about Fourteen Hands high, branded on the mounting Shoulder I-L, a Blaze down his Face, about Six Years old, a Trotter. *May* 29*th*, 1773.

JOHN MOLETT of a Cheſnut Sorrel HORSE, about 13 1-Half Hands high, branded on the mounting and off Shoulder with a Heart and R joined together, a Star in his Forehead, about Twelve Years old, a Trotter. *June* 4*th*, 1773.

WILLIAM BROWNING of a black Cow and Calf, marked in the right Ear with a Flower-de-luce, in the left Ear with a Crop and Swallow Fork, the tip End of their right Horn ſawed off, but no viſible Brand. *Alſo*, a black Three Year old STEER, with a white Face, neither marked nor branded. The Owners of the above Strays may prove their Properties before JOHN WRIGHT, J. P.